







Representations Statement (Regulation 22) (1) (c) (v-vi) – ADDENDUM [Sept 23]

Shaping a better future



Lancaster District Local Plan 2011 – 2031 Representations Statement (Regulation 22) (1) (c) (v-vi) – ADDENDUM [September 2023]

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 As part of the independent examination of the Climate Emergency Review of the Lancaster District Local Plan, Lancaster City Council held a consultation on Proposed Main Modifications. These changes are proposed to address matters the Inspector considers necessary to ensure that the submitted Local Plan may be found 'sound'.
- 1.2 The Proposed Main Modifications consultation ran for 6 weeks from 15 June 2023 closing 5pm on 28 July 2023.
- 1.3 This statement provides a high-level summary of the main issues raised during the main modifications consultation. It provides an addendum to the documents submitted to the Secretary of State in March 2022 as follows:
 - 1. P_07_Regulation 18 Statement of Consultation document [January 2022]
 - 2. <u>SD 07 Representations Statement (Regulation 22 (c) of the Town and Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended) document [March 2022]</u>
- 1.4 This statement has been prepared in accordance with Regulation 22 (1) (c) of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended). Its purpose is to show how we have met the legal requirements for consultation.

2. The Representation Period

2.1 The Proposed Main Modifications consultation ran for 6 weeks from 15 June 2023 closing 5pm on 28 July 2023. The documents can be found on the council consultation platform: https://keepconnected.lancaster.gov.uk/mm.

3. How Many Representations were Received?

3.1 A total of 518 representations were made. Below is breakdown on duly made representations for each policy:

| MM Ref | DPD | Policy / Other | No of Reps | Soun d | Not sound | Not stated |
|--------|------|----------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|
| MM1 | SPLA | Policy CC1 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| MM2 | SPLA | Policy SP4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM3 | SPLA | Policy SP8 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| MM4 | SPLA | Policy SG7 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| MM5 | SPLA | Policy SG9 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| MM6 | SPLA | Policy SG11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| MM7 | SPLA | Policy T1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM8 | SPLA | Policy T2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| MM9 | SPLA | New Para 12 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| MM10 | SPLA | Appendix A | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM11 | SPLA | Appendix C | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM12 | SPLA | Appendix F | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| MM13 | DM | Policy DM29 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |

| MM Ref | DPD | Policy / Other | No of Reps | Soun d | Not sound | Not stated |
|--------|-----|----------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|
| MM14 | DM | Policy DM30a | 508 | 3 | 500 | 5 |
| MM15 | DM | Policy DM30b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| MM16 | DM | Policy DM30c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MM17 | DM | New Para 35 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM18 | DM | Policy DM33 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| MM19 | DM | Policy DM34 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| MM20 | DM | Policy DM34 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM21 | DM | Policy DMCCH1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MM22 | DM | Policy DMCCH2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MM23 | DM | Policy DM43 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM24 | DM | Policy DM45 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| MM25 | DM | Policy DM53 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| MM26 | DM | Policy DM57 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM27 | DM | Policy DM58 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM28 | DM | Policy DM60 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| MM29 | DM | Policy DM61 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| MM30 | DM | Policy DM62 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| MM31 | DM | Appendix A | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| MM32 | DM | Appendix C | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

4. Summary of the Main Issues Raised to the Strategic Policies and Land Allocation DPD

- 4.1 On the whole, the majority of responses made in relation the proposed main modifications to the SPLA DPD stated that the proposed main modifications had been noted by the respondent. More specifically, there were a small number of responses which related primarily to whether an overarching strategic Climate Change Policy (Policy CC1) should remain within the plan or whether this duplicates existing policy, and there were also queries requesting that further viability work and/or consideration of recent announcements associated with the Housing Infrastructure Fund (HIF) in South Lancaster be undertaken in relation to policy SP8 and new paragraph 12.
- 4.1 A summary of all duly made representations received is set out in the 'Summary of representations in Plan (modification) order' document.

5. Summary of the Main Issues Raised to the Development Management DPD

5.1 In terms of the responses received in relation to proposed main modifications to the DM DPD, well over 90% of these were in relation to proposed main modification 14 which concerns Policy DM30a. Of these specific responses, 99% stated that the modification should be deleted and the initial text of DM30a allowed to progress through to the adoption stage.

- 5.2 In relation other proposed main modifications, there were requests for amendments to Policy DM29 in relation to the orientation of buildings for solar gain, and a request that changes to Policy DM34 should go further and specify alternative acceptable storage solutions and direct discharge into sewers. There was also a request that the term 'peak rainfall intensity' be clarified in this policy. One respondent also stated that it should be made clear that any archaeological work should be considered on a case-by-case basis.
- 5.3 A response was received in relation to the proposed main modifications to Policy DM45 requesting flexibility in the policy wording where delivery, management and maintenance of sport facilities would be affected.
- 5.4 In response to the proposed main modification to Policy DM53, representations were received requesting that Figure 13.1a and 13.1b should be amended. Representations were also received in relation the proposed main modification to Policy DM62 stating that the wording does not go far enough and that clarification over the specification of charging points is required.
- 5.5 Respondents also made it known that the proposed main modifications to a number of DM DPD policies had been noted.
- 5.6 A summary of all duly made representations received is set out in the 'Summary of representations in Plan (modification) order' document.

6. Who we invited to make representations and how we engaged

- 6.1 Formal notification of the main modification consultation was given on 15 June 2023 and representations were invited for a 6-week period until 5pm on 28 July 2023. The Council's Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) sets out the council's approach to engaging in preparing development plan documents and in considering planning applications. The SCI identifies who we engage with. It is important that this is read in conjunction with the Duty to Co-operate Statement of Compliance which sets out the council's approach to engaging with neighbouring authorities.
- 6.2 The section below outlines who we invited to make representations and how we engaged for the main modification consultation to ensure that the requirements of the council's Statement of Community Involvement have been met.

| Requirements of Regulation Town and Country Planning (Local Development) Regulations 2012 | How the council satisfied the requirement |
|---|---|
| Which bodies and persons the local planning authority invited to make representations | Planning Policy Consultation Database consultees were notified on the main modification consultation. |
| | The database consisted of residents, business, parish councils and organisations who had been consulted on previous policy matters, those that had requested for inclusion and statutory bodies (as listed in the Council's |

| Requirements of Regulation Town and Country Planning (Local Development) Regulations 2012 | How the council satisfied the requirement |
|---|--|
| | Statement of Community Involvement). All bodies were notified of the consultation and invited to respond. The council maintains active engagement with neighbouring authorities. All relevant bodies were notified of the main modifications consultation and invited to respond. |
| How those bodies and persons were invited to make representations and methods used. | This included a period of publicity across the Lancaster District, with a press notice placed in the Lancaster Guardian (a local newspaper) on 15 June 2023. |
| | A <u>press release</u> was issued 16 June 2023 and added to the council website news section. |
| | All main modification consultation material was stored on our Keep Connected Consultation Platform, embedded onto the council webpages: |
| | Local Plan Examination webpage Planning Policy Consultee webpage Councils News webpage |
| | Emails were sent to over 2,000 consultees to all those who have signed up to the <u>Planning Policy consultation mailing list</u> in addition to all specific bodies |
| | Newsletter 15 June 23 Newsletter 21 July 23 (reminder) |
| | Copies of the main modification consultation documents were made available at the 'Principal Offices' |
| | The main modification consultation material explained: |
| | ✓ How to get involved in making representations to the main modification consultation and what can and can't influence; ✓ How and when comments can be made on the main modifications, |

| Requirements of Regulation Town and Country Planning (Local Development) Regulations 2012 | How the council satisfied the requirement |
|---|---|
| | ✓ How and when comments will be taken into account, i.e. forwarded to the inspector |
| | Details on how bodies and persons were invited to make representations and methods used are included in the following documents that were made available during the main modification consultation on our Keep Connected Consultation Platform : |
| | Statement of Representation Procedure Guide to Making a Representation |

Lancaster City Council

Summary of representations in Plan (modification) order

| MM1 - | MM1 – Policy CC1 | | | | | |
|----------|--|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 5 repres | 5 representations – 1 sound / 2 not sound / 2 not stated | | | | | |
| MMID | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 197 | Aylward Town Planning Ltd | on behalf of Derwent Development Management Ltd | Sound | Relates to Para 3 and para 4 but no specific comment made | | |
| 307 | Ms Kim Wisdom (Senior Conservation Officer for north Lancashire) | The Wildlife Trust for Lancashire, Manchester and north Merseyside | Not stated | Respondent refers to policy CC1 in the context of highlighting a local policy commitment to responding to climate change | | |
| 511 | Joanne Harding | HBF | Unsound | HBF continues to consider that this policy is unsound as it is not consistent with national policy as it doesn't serve a clear purpose or avoid unnecessary duplication. The HBF continues to consider that the policy should be deleted. Respondent states however that if the policy is to be retained then the proposed additional flexibility that is incorporated by including 'should' and 'where appropriate' is an improvement to the original policy and would be in line with their previous recommendations. | | |
| 512 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Unsound | Respondent welcomes the changes proposed in increasing flexibility so the Policy can respond to more types of development, and also acknowledges that the requirements of it are not always appropriate. However, respondent also considers that the wording proposed does not address the fundamental issue that Policy CC1 is a mission statement with no clear use in the decision taking process. Respondent considers that MM1 should be amended to remove CC1 as a policy. | | |

| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Respondent acknowledges that the word "will" has been removed, as requested by by them at Reg |
|-----|--------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| | | obo Taylor | | 19, however they consider that its replacement with the word "should" means their previous |
| | | Wimpey | | comments still stand in that the policy as worded could impact on the viability of new housing |
| | | | | development, thus, reducing the rate of housing delivery. Therefore, the respondent considers that |
| | | | | the policy wording should revert to, "All development should take opportunities to integrate the |
| | | | | principles of sustainable design and construction into the design of proposals" to ensure that Policy |
| | | | | CC1 is effective. Respondent is supportive of the addition of the phrase "where appropriate" to |
| | | | | paragraph 4 of Policy CC1, which it is understood has been added for the reason of effectiveness |

| MM2 - | MM2 – Policy SP4 | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|-----------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 repre | 1 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound/ 1 not stated | | | | | | | | |
| MM | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | | | | |
| ID Ref | | | sound/ not | | | | | | |
| | | | sound | | | | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modification proposed to Policy SP4, which it is understood is simply a | | | | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | correction and has been made for the reason of effectiveness. | | | | | |
| | | Wimpey | | | | | | | |

| MM3 - | MM3 – Policy SP8 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 repre | 2 representations – 0 sound /1 not sound/ 1 not stated | | | | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | | | | |
| 512 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Unsound | Respondent welcomes the change in wording from development being 'expected to provide' rather than 'must provide', however they consider that the Policy continues to be proposed without any understanding of the viability implications of it (particularly in relation to BNG). Respondent considers further viability work should be updated to reflect the implications of this Policy and the proposed amendments to it. The addition of flexibility to the wording of the Policy to account for viability difficulties also needs to be added. | | | | | |

| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modification proposed to Policy SP8 and is supportive of the removal of |
|-----|--------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| | | obo Taylor | | "must" and the addition of the phrase "where possible", which it is understood has been added for |
| | | Wimpey | | the reason of effectiveness. |

| MM4 - | MM4 – SG7 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 repre | 1 representation – 1 sound / 0 not sound / 0 not stated | | | | | | | | |
| MM Respondent Name Organisation Modification sound/ not sound | | | | | | | | | |
| 197 | Aylward Town Planning Ltd | on behalf of Derwent Development Management Ltd | Sound | No specific comment made | | | | | |

| MM5 - | MM5 – SG9 | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| 1 repre | sentation – 1 sound / 0 | not sound / 0 not s | stated | | | | |
| MM | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | | |
| ID Ref | | | sound/ not | | | | |
| | | | sound | | | | |
| 197 | Aylward Town | on behalf of | Sound | No specific comment made | | | |
| | Planning Ltd | Derwent | | | | | |
| | | Development | | | | | |
| | | Management | | | | | |
| | | Ltd | | | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Makes general comment that they note the minor change proposed to criterion VI of Policy SG9 | | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | (Modification Number: MM5), which refers to "Policies DM30a, b and c", as opposed to "Policy | | | |
| | | Wimpey | | DM30", and which the Inspector states is required for effectiveness. | | | |

| MM6- 5 | MM6- SG11 | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1 repre | sentation – 1 sound / 0 | not sound / 0 not | stated | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | |
| 197 | Aylward Town Planning Ltd | on behalf of Derwent Development Management Ltd | Sound | No specific comment made | |

| MM7 - | MM7 – Policy T1 | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 repre | sentation – 0 sound / 0 | not sound / 1 not s | stated | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modification proposed to the supporting text to Policy T1, which it is understood has been made for the reason of effectiveness. | |

| MM8 - | MM8 – Policy T2 | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| 2 repre | sentations – 0 sound / | 0 not sound / 2 not | stated | | | |
| MM | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| ID Ref | | | sound/ not | | | |
| | | | sound | | | |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports England | Not stated | Respondent considers that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of | | |
| | | | | Active Design. | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Taylor Wimpey notes the main modification proposed to Figure 24.1, which it is understood has been | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | made for the reason of effectiveness. | | |
| | | Wimpey | | | | |

| MM9- Ne | MM9- New Paragraph 12 | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 3 represe | 3 representations – 0 sound / 1 not sound / 3 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports England | Not stated | Respondent considers that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of Active Design. | | |
| 512 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Unsound | Respondent states that now that HIF monies have been returned to Government, the current viability work has not included adequate costings for public transport interventions, which are likely to be substantial in order to reach such a high level of service. Respondent highlights that the 3 Dragons work excludes Bailrigg Garden Village but does include anticipated HIF monies for improvements to the city centre and gyratory and states that the impact of the loss of funding needs to be considered in detail as these improvements are now likely to require a higher level of direct contribution from individual developments. | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | Respondent is supportive of the acknowledgement within new paragraph 12 that the frequency of services and the provision of facilities will be determined on a "case-by-case basis". It is the respondent's view however that a bespoke package of sustainable measures should be developed on a site-by-site basis, rather than setting out a 'onesize-fits-all' approach, and that the wording of the policy and supporting text should omit reference to the specific requirements of public transport provision. Respondent states that if the new wording is carried through to the final version of the plan, the third word of the second Main Modification paragraph ('infers') is used incorrectly and should presumably be 'implies'. | | |

| MM10 - A | MM10 – Appendix A: Glossary of Terms | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|---|--|--|
| 1 represer | ntation – 0 sound / | 1 sound / 0 not stat | ed | | | |
| MM ID Respondent Organisation Modification Summary of comment | | | | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not | | | |
| | | | sound | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Appendix A: Glossary of Terms (adding in a | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | definition of a pedestrian), which it is understood have been made for the reason of effectiveness. | | |
| | | Wimpey | | | | |

| MM11 - A | MM11 - Appendix C: Neighbourhood Planning – List of 'Strategic' Policies | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 represer | ntations – 0 sound / | 1 not sound | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modification proposed to Appendix C: Neighbourhood Planning – List of 'Strategic Policies' (adding in Policy CC1 to the list of policies), which it is understood has been made for the reason of effectiveness. | |

| MM12 - A | MM12 - Appendix F: Monitoring Framework | | | | | |
|------------|---|---------------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| 2 represen | ntations – 0 sound / | 0 not sound / 2 not | stated | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not | | | |
| | | | sound | | | |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports England | Not stated | Respondent considers that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of | | |
| | | | | Active Design. | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Appendix F: Monitoring Framework (Pages | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | 228 and 239), which it is understood have been made for the reason of effectiveness. Respondent is | | |
| | | Wimpey | | supportive of the deletion of the phrase "above ground" in relation to SuDs, as they consider this will | | |
| | | | | allow greater flexibility when developing suitable drainage designs for sites. | | |

| MM13- P | MM13- Policy DM29 | | | | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 4 represe | 4 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 4 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 511 | Joanne Harding | HBF | Not stated | The HBF continues to consider that it is not necessary for part VII to refer to the need to meet the requirements of Policies DM30a, b and c, it is assumed the Plan is to be read as a whole. The HBF considers that this part of the policy should be deleted. | | |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports England | Not stated | Respondent considers that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of Active Design. | | |
| 512 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Not stated | States that additional flexibility should be added to criterion II by adding 'where appropriate at the start of the paragraph. Welcomes the change from 'maximise' to 'optimise'. The addition of Criterion III is welcomed. Respondent considers it is not clear why the proposed addition in terms of | | |

| MM13- P | MM13- Policy DM29 | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 4 represe | 4 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 4 not stated | | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | | |
| | | | | 'maximising winter solar gain and minimising summer solar gain' is necessary to make the Policy sound as the term solar gain is self-explanatory, and the suggested clarification is superfluous. | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | Respondent notes that the word "maximise" has been deleted from criterion II of Policy DM29 and that this has been replaced with the word "optimise". Furthermore, the following phrase (italics and underlined) is proposed to be included in the supporting text to Policy DM29, which requires layout and design to be optimised for energy and heat production "including maximising winter solar gain and minimising summer solar gain". Respondent states that they are not supportive of these proposed main modifications as they state that it will not be possible in all schemes will be orientate them to prevent overheating or maximise solar gain without adversely impacting on layout and site densities. They state that less efficient use of land through lower densities would impair site viability and that there may be technical constraints on each specific site which restrict orientation of dwellings and the ability to achieve energy efficiencies through solar gain etc. The respondent states that there must be a robust and flexible mechanism whereby these additional requirements and/or other requirements (such as affordable housing or other developer contributions) can be relaxed if viability is threatened. The respondent is supportive of the addition of the new criterion between criteria II and III of Policy DM29, | | | |

| MM14 - | MM14 – Policy DM30a | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 508 repre | 508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated | | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | | |
| 1 | Ms Alison Cahn | | Not sound | Modification not supported. MM14 wording should revert to that in DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. Respondent states the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. | | | |

| | | T | | |
|--------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 2 | Ms Rachael Hamilton | | Not sound | The wording as submitted should be retained and the modification deleted as this seeks to remove requirements for higher standards than building regulations. |
| 3 | Ms Frances Bowen | | Not sound | Modification not supported. MM14 wording should revert to that in DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. Respondent states the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. |
| 4 | John Rembowski | University of Edinburgh, University of Warwick | Not sound | Modification is not supported as it ignores recent warnings (March 2023) from the UN's IPCC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions if to meet commitments under the Paris Agreement, which the UK Government has ratified. Billions of people worldwide - particularly those in the 'developing' world who have contributed the least to climate change - are already facing the effects of an increasingly extreme and unpredictable changing climate. Respondent considers that actions such as MM14, which will directly contribute to the suffering of those most vulnerable to the impacts of climate breakdown both domestically and abroad, and cannot be justified on any legal or moral grounds. MM14 wording should revert to that in DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. |
| 5 | Catharine Patha | | Not sound | Modification is not supported, and wording should revert to that in DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. Modification ignores recent warnings (March 2023) from the UN's IPCC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions if to meet commitments under the Paris Agreement, which the UK Government has ratified. |
| 6 | Mrs Helen Knott | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Respondent states MM14 wording should revert to that in Policy DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. Respondent states the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019 and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. |
| 7 | Sarah Price | Enhabit | Not sound | Respondent considers the MM14 should be abandoned as the decision is entirely out of sync with our national policy in the UK, and the fact that we have a climate emergency. Asks the question |

| | | 1 | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | why some Council's are able to do this and not others. States the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, BaNES and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. MM14 wording should revert to that in DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. |
| 8 | Ms Sara Grimes | Bath & West Community Energy | Not sound | Modification not supported. Respondent states that the BaNES Inspector ruled that it was sound to exceed the 2015 WMS, which followed confirmation from DHLUC and also a representation and speaker at the hearing from Client Earth setting out the legal basis for the energy efficiency policy that exceeded the WMS. Respondent considers that the Planning Inspectorate leaves itself open to serious legal challenge if it proceeds with this MM which is not in line with national policy and unsound. |
| 9 | Kevin Frea | | Not sound | The respondent does not support the Modification. States that MM14 wording should revert to that in DM30a as submitted with a requirement for net zero retained. Respondent states the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019 and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. |
| 10 | Mr Christopher Coates | | Not Sound | Respondent states that as a former member of the Planning Committee on Lancaster City Council and a construction industry project manager with 35 years experience in the industry it is their view that modification MM14 should be abandoned and the original proposed Policy DM30a with a requirement for net zero homes should be retained. States the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, BaNES and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy |
| 11 | Mary Searle- Chatterjee | | Not Sound | The respondent states that building is a major source of carbon emissions and better insulated homes are more comfortable for those who live in them. The modification should be abandoned and the original DM30a with a net zero requirement should be reinstated. The original DM30a |

| | 1 | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Para 152 of the Framework requires the planning system supports a transition to a local carbon economy. Other inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy standards. MM14 is not effective as it will mean new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future. The Scientific community and governments accept the need for urgent action to address climate change, it would be perverse to criticise the Council for attempting to do too much. |
| 12 | Elizabeth Mills | | Not Sound | The respondent states that the modification should be dropped. The original DM30a is essential to protect people from the impacts of climate change and the cost of living issues. The original policy was positively prepared, justified and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy standards. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as the WMS has been overtaken by other legislation. It is not effective as it reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate and confusion for local authorities. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future which is more expensive. |
| 13 | Ms Marion Rose | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 14 | Miss Lucy Rees | South Gloucestershire Council | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled |

| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment |
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| Ref | Name | Organisation | sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 15 | Ms Catriona Stamp | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 16 | Dr Ellie Kuitunen | | Not Sound | MM14 is not justified or consistent with national policy to reach net zero by 2038. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency. It reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency in new homes. It will mean new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to high standards. MM14 should be dropped and should return to the original wording proposed. |
| 17 | Mr Benjamin Alexander Somers | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 18 | Mr Paul Roberts | UWE Bristol | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned from a legal and moral standpoint. It is imperative the original proposed Policy DM30a which mandates net zero homes is retained. The original policy was thoroughly prepared, justified and effective and aligned with national policies, particularly the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) and the 2021 enhancements to the Building Regulations. These superseded the outdated WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled in favour of local authorities establishing significantly higher energy standards for residential buildings. The Inspector disregards the IPPC warnings which emphasis the urgency of immediate action to reduce carbon emissions if we are to fulfil or commitments under the Paris Agreement. MM14 lacks justification and fails to align with national policy, relating on an outdated WMS which has been superseded by more recent legislation. It does not demonstrate proactive preparation as it overlooks pressing demands of the climate emergency, as evidence by recent heatwaves. The modification also proves inconsistent on a national scale by introducing inconsistency into the Planning Inspectors approach towards energy efficiency policies. MM14 would necessitate costly retrofitting of new homes to achieve net zero, a more expensive endeavour than initially construction buildings to high energy efficiency standards. |
| 19 | Cllr Sarah Warren | Bath & North East Somerset Council | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original proposed DM30a with a requirement for net zero homes retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified and effective and consistent with national policy - Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) which commits the UK to net zero by 2050 and the 2021 uplift to the Building Regulations. Other Inspectors have ruled that local authorities establishing can set higher energy standards than Building Regulations. The Inspector ignores the IPPC warning that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions if we are to have any chance of meeting commitments under the Paris Agreement. It also neglects the Committee on Climate Change's Progress Report, which concludes the Government is not taking urgent enough action to comply with its own Climate Change Act. MM14 is not justified and not consistent with national policy as it relies on an outdated WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. |

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| | | | | New homes will have to be retrofitted to achieve net zero which is more expensive than building to high standards in the first place. |
| 20 | Ms Pam Hearne | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 21 | Mrs Sarah Mason | Morecambe Bay Partnership | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 22 | Mrs Diana Martin | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement |

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| | | | | and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 23 | Jack Hubert Mayhew | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 24 | Samantha Gray | Climate Change & Environmental Projects Officer at Wyre Council | Not Sound | Wyre Council has watching to see whether the Local Plan can be adapted in a similar light to make a meaningful reduction on the borough's carbon footprint. This decision has halted serious work in this area for our council and for countless others. It seems one backward and disastrous decision could simply ruin this all, with far reaching consequences. MM14 should be abandoned and the original proposed DM30a with the requirement for net zero homes should be retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning |

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| | | | | Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 25 | Alastair Singleton | | Not Sound | The original proposed net zero housing should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy — Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) which binds the Government to a 2050 net zero target and the 2021 uplift to Building Regulations which superseded the WMS. The Inspector for BaNES agreed the Council can set higher and more responsible energy standards that current buildings regulations. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC and the Climate Change Committee that we need to act immediate if there is to be a chance of meeting our commitments to the Paris Agreement. MM14 is inconsistent with national policy, relying on an outdated WMS which has been overtaken by later legislation It is not positively prepared, is inconsistent and is ineffective on national and local planes. |
| 26 | Mr Joseph Earl | Morecambe Bay Partnership | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 27 | Mr Vincent MacDonald | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. It was positively prepared as it provided clear objective assessment for developments. Considering the recent IPCC reports is clearly justified. It is effective as it provides a route map for developers to reduce their emissions. It has been demonstrated that embedding Passivhaus early in the design process has minimal impact on cost of development. The original policy was positively prepared, justified and effective and consistent with National Policy - the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero buildings. I note the policy is aimed at operational energy and would support measures that reduce emissions further through regulation of embodied energy and whole life carbon. |
| 28 | Ann Denise Lanes | Green Elephant Cooperative | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original Dm30a accepted to make the Local Plan legally compliant and sound. The original policy took into account the seriousness for the climate emergency, is consistent with the Climate Change Act (amendment 2019) which commits the UK to achieving net zero by 2050 and with the tightening of the Building Regulations 2021. The Inspector seems to be relying on the WMS for justification but this has been superseded by the Climate Change Act and is not justified. There are several precedents where local authorities have set higher energy efficiency standards than Building Regulations with the agreement of Inspectors. MM14 is inconsistent with national policy and practice. There are examples of local authorities building high quality housing development achieving innovative changes in energy efficient design bringing down costs. Not to allow higher building standards is a false economy as buildings will need to be retrofitted, High energy efficient homes reduce fuel poverty and virtually eliminate mould and damp issues. Current Building Regulations are not high enough. MM14 is neither positively prepared nor effective as it ignores national and international policy commitments and would not allow Lancaster City Council to meet its carbon emission reduction targets not avoid expenditure on housing stock. |
| 29 | Ms A Redfearn | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original policy Dm30a with a requirement for zero net homes reinstated, Other local authorities ruled that councils can set energy efficiency standards that exceed national recommendations. The Inspector has ignored the IPCC warnings about the urgency to limit climate change impact. MM14 uses outdated standards and is inadequate to meet current energy efficiency needs. |
| 30 | Ms Caroline Davis | Former secretary of Shepherds Bush Improvement Group | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, |

MM14 – Policy DM30a
508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

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| | | | | justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 31 | Ms Kerrilee Barrett | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 32 | Mrs Jennifer Lowe | | Not Sound | Respondent states that the modification MM14 should be abandoned completely. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy. |
| 33 | Mr Graham Lowe | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 34 | Lindsey Graydon | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 35 | Chris Hart | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 37 | Ms C Hopkins | | Not Sound | The original proposed DM30a with a requirement for next zero homes, which was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) needs to be retained in order for the UK to adhere to it's responsibility and commitment to National Policy. |
| 38 | Mrs Mary Breakell | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement |

MM14 – Policy DM30a
508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

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| 39 | Philip Withnall | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 40 | Dr Claire Nance | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 41 | Dr Emily Heath | Sustainable Lancaster in Climate Emergency (SLICE) | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled |

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| | | | | local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 42 | Frieda Wignall | Ashden Climate Solutions | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 43 | Dr Tamara Satchell | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 44 | Dr Joseph Hobbs | Joe Hobbs | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 45 | Dr Dorothy Ball | Very concerned citizen of UK | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. This would then be consistent with the Climate Change Act which supersedes the WMS. The IPPC makes it clear we must act now to reach the targets agreed at the COP in Paris. Other Councils - Cornwall, Bath, Central Lincolnshire are acting to build to higher carbon standards than central government dictate. |
| 46 | Mr Fraser Smalley | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 47 | Gemma Wren | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

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| | | | | positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 48 | Mr. Daren Chandisingh | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 49 | Mrs Sophie Keen | Morecambe Bay Partnership | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

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| | | | | positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 50 | Isabelle Baverstock | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 51 | Miss Judith Colley | Self employed | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

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| 52 | Mark Tanner | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 53 | Mrs Sarah Blackler | Friends of Greaves Park. Also a member of Lancashire Wildlife, RSPB, Peoples Trust for | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

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| | | Endangered Species, Butterfly Conservation, Campaign to Protect Rural England, Lancashire Wildlife Trust, Survival International, Lancaster Green Spaces, Woodland Trust | | positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 54 | Dr Paul Tynan | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. The letter from the Inspector to Cornwall summarises the issue with the WMS in para 167: The WMS of 25 March 2015 has clearly been overtaken by events. Nothing in it reflects Part L of the Building Regulations, the Future Homes Standard, or the Government's legally binding commitment to bring all greenhouse gas emissions to net zero by 2050. In assessing the Council's |

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| | | | | approach to sustainable energy and construction, the WMS of 25 March 2015 is of limited relevance. The Framework makes clear in paragraph 152 that the planning system should support the transition to a low carbon future in a changing climate. Whilst paragraph 154 b) of the Framework requires that any local requirements for the sustainability of buildings should reflect the Government's national technical standards, for the reasons set out, the WMS of 25 March 2015 has been superseded by subsequent events. While it remains extant, any inconsistency with its provisions does not mean that the approach the Council has taken lacks justification. |
| 55 | Mr Peter Cheason | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 56 | Mrs C L Didsbury | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| | | | | IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 57 | Anna Goddard | Carnegie Publishing Limited | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 58 | Daniel Stone | Centre for Sustainable Energy | Not Sound | The respondent objects to MM14 and supports DM30a as originally worded. M14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained and strengthened to require new buildings to be net zero from adoption. The response refers to the IPPC's latest synthesis report (March 2023) in particular the impacts of climate change and the importance of choices and actions which will have impacts now and for thousands of years. It also draws attention to the 2015 Paris Climate Accord (to which the UK is a signatory and committed to substantially reduce global greenhouse gas emissions to limit the global temperature) and the Climate Change Act 2008 (which establishes the framework to |

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| | | | | deliver on those requirement and commits the UK government by law to reducing greenhouse gas emissions). The respondent draws attention to the Committee on Climate Change (CCC 2023 report which warns current policies and plans are insufficient to meet the 6th carbon budget. The response highlights parts of the report including: • "the planning system must have an overarching requirement that all planning decisions must be taken giving full regard to the imperative of Net Zero" • "inconsistent inspectorate decisions on whether local authorities can set standards (e.g. on energy efficiency in buildings) that go beyond those set in national building regulations". • "Policy progress in the buildings sector is not on track, with 77% of the required emissions reduction by the Sixth Carbon Budget period judged to be either at significant risk or with insufficient plans" • "To reach Net Zero, the Government urgently needs to coordinate a shift in how the UK's 28 million homes and two million non-residential buildings use energy." • "the lack of progress cutting emissions either globally or nationally, the lack of binding zero carbon policies from the UK government, and the overall slow progress at cutting emissions from buildings, the evidence suggests that local authorities must fill the gap through Local Plan policies." The response outlines why they consider the WMS to be outdated. The original intention of the WMS was to remove the ability of local planning authorities to set local energy efficiency standards beyond building regulations, to support the introduction of a national zero carbon homes regime, originally planned for 2016. National zero-carbon homes were abandoned and the amendments to the Energy Act were never enacted superseding the WMS. The WMS references the Code for Sustainable Homes, which was withdrawn in 2015 and no longer has any meaning. The WMS was then superseded by the recent update to Part L and plans to introduce the Future Homes Standard. The government has repeatedly confirmed that |

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| | | | | applicable to set higher ambition. Local authorities are not restricted in their ability to require energy efficiency standards above Building Regulations. DLUHC have confirmed the same messages. The response draw attention to the decisions of other Inspectors which have concluded the WMS is out of date. The response attaches legal advice from Estelle Dehon KC at Cornerstone Barristers which establishes that LPA's have statutory authority to set energy efficiency targets which exceed the baseline in national Building Regulations. Nothing in law or national policy prevents them from doing so or limits the amount by which they may exceed the baseline, provided that the relevant policies are reasonable, properly prepared, and do not conflict with any other national planning policies. The respondent considers it essential that local government is supported and encouraged in securing carbon reductions in addition to the efforts of national government and states the original policy is consistent with national policy. The response concludes that MM14 is not positively prepared, justified and not consistent with current national policy as it relies on an outdated WMS that has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. The respondent is of the opinion that in view of the clear repeated government statements which support this view and the judgements of other planning inspectors, the position taken by the Inspector to effectively block policy DM30a appears unreasonable and irrational. |
| 59 | Mrs Beatrice Zoe Freund | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| | | | | IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 60 | Sandra Elsworth | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 61 | Miss Isabelle Guyler | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 is not consistent with current national policy. DM30a as submitted was consistent and must be adopted. The WMS is outdated, no longer significant and effectively irrelevant as confirmed by DLUHC and Inspectors at multiple other authorities which have been able to adopt similar policies. It is negligent to allow homes to be built that are no fit for purpose, cause health issues, incur greater costs and contribute to climate change. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 62 | Mr David Morton | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 63 | Miss Lia Elliott | | Not Sound | No commentary provided. |
| 64 | Henry Goodwin | Sustainable Carlisle | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy |

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| | | | | efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 65 | Alan Simpson | Former Sustainability Advisor to the Shadow Chancellor (2017- 2020) | Not Sound | Britain will struggle to meet its (legally binding) climate commitments within current government programmes. It requires localities to take a lead, in the way Lancaster is attempting to do. The NPPF lays out that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". ". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 66 | Michael Johnson | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been |

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| | | | | overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 67 | Thea Hutchings | Self Employed | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 68 | Mr Graham Thomas | Essex Planning Officers Association | Not Sound | The response draws attention to the Essex Climate Action Commission (ECAC) 'Net- Zero: Making Essex Carbon Neutral' report (July 2021) which sets recommendations and targets to give focus to addressing Climate Change within Essex. The response highlights Essex Design Guide and the evidence produced by Essex Councils to support the development of 'net zero' planning policy in Essex local plans. Attention is drawn to legal advice provided by Estelle Dehon KC of Cornerstone Barristers. The advice sets out the legal justification for LPAs to be able to set energy performance standards beyond the national baseline (Part L Building Regulations) in their local plans, and beyond the 19% improvement over Building Regulations standards referred to in the 2015 WMS. Paragraph 2.3 of the advice concludes that as 'the Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) has confirmed that the WMS is otiose in light of the 2021 updates to the Building Regulations and that there are no plans to bring the 2015 amendment to the Planning |

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| | | | | and Energy Act 2008 into force, or otherwise to amend the Act' then 'the 2015 WMS should not be accorded any weight'. Paras 19 and 20 highlight that the NPPF provides that plans should 'take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change', and that footnote 53 makes clear this must be 'in line with the objectives and provisions of the Climate Change Act 2008'. DLUHC indicated there is no intention to amend these provisions of the NPPF and the direction of travel is that planning 'can make an important contribution to the vitally important task of mitigating and adapting to climate change'. Para 40 summarises the legal position on setting energy efficiency targets beyond national minimum standards and confirms that 'the statutory power exists in primary legislation and LPAs can exercise that power with confidence'. Paragraph 48 of the legal advice goes on to highlight the findings of Cornwall's Inspector and states that the conclusion from that Inspector was: 'The WMS of 25 March 2015 has clearly been overtaken by events. Nothing in it reflects Part L of the Building Regulations, the Future Homes Standard, or the Government's legally binding commitment to bring all greenhouse gas emissions to net zero by 2050. The legal advice concludes in para 49: 'Accordingly, despite the 2015 WMS remaining extant and despite the failure to update the Planning Practice Guidance, it is clear the Government does not consider that they constrain LPAs and the PEA 2008 empowers LPAs to set energy efficient standards at the local level which go beyond national Building Regulations standards if they wish. This is the correct approach in law. In my view, the right approach is that adopted in the Report on the examination of the Cornwall Council Climate Emergency development plan document: the 2015 WMS should not be accorded any weight.'. As the Inspector uses the WMS as the basis for MM14. it should be abandoned as it is not positively prepared as it ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency (as |

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| | | | | set much higher energy standards than building regulations. A consistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate is needed to enable LPAs. |
| 69 | Neil Punnett | | Not Sound | he NPPF states the planning system "should shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." and that the planning system should also "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change." The modification MM14 will not do this and should be abandoned and the original DM30a requirement for net zero homes should be retained. The Written Ministerial Statement WMS15 is outdated and superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), the NPPF and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations. Precedents have been set by Inspectors in other areas (Cornwall, Central Lincolnshire, Bath & North East Somerset) who have ruled that local authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regs and aim for net zero residential buildings. |
| 70 | Dr Tim Fenn | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 71 | Mr Ian Dalgleish | Independent | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

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| | | | | positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 72 | Dr G Davies | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 73 | Mrs Catherine Castle | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

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508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

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| 74 | Hugh Cockla | Lamastar Paval | Not Sound | positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 74 | Hugh Castle | Lancaster Royal Grammar School | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 75 | Mr Dominic Wigmore- Shepherd | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 76 | Cllr Katie Graham | East Suffolk Council | Not Sound | The respondent feels that this modification is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF and that the original proposed wording of policy DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective on either a national or local level. |
| 77 | Dr John-Paul Stonard | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 78 | Ms Rhiannon- Jane Raftery | Creating Climate Conscious Communities | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 79 | Mrs. Judy Ainger | | Not Sound | The respondent believes that modification MM14 should be abandoned completely, and that policy DM30a should be taken back to its original wording. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 80 | Jack Broom | retired technology teacher | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). They conclude that MM14 is not justified or consistent with national policy, and that high efficiency homes are desperately needed to meet or net zero targets. |
| 81 | Dennis Mau | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 82 | Mr Charles Ainger | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 83 | Dr Chris Newman | | Not Sound | The respondent makes a strong statement regarding the health risks of climate change and the urgency of staying below the 1.5 °C climate target. They also feel that modification MM14 should be dropped entirely, and that the wording of policy DM30a should be reverted to its original phrasing. They go further to say that the stepped approach of the original policy DM30a is a 'kinder' method of transitioning to net zero as it gives time for developers to adapt, and that further, even more radical changes will likely be required in the future. They highlight the inconsistent approach of the planning inspectorate, in that other authorities have recently managed to set higher efficiency targets than local governments. And that national government policy seems to be lagging behind its legal commitment to net zero. |
| 84 | Chelsey Needham | InnerSense | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 85 | Lucy Cheetham | South Lakes Housing | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 86 | Simon Hollings | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 87 | Saskia Andrews | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

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| 88 | Cllr Richard Wright | Central Lincolnshire Joint Strategic Planning Committee | Not Sound | The respondent goes into great detail on the matters of national policy, regulations and legalities regarding climate change and the 2015 WMS. For specific detail please see the full representation. Within their representation, the respondent notes 6 key points, each of which they justify in a high level of detail. 1) Targeting 'radical reductions' in carbon emissions is both lawful and specifically supported by the Framework. 2) Plans need to take a 'proactive approach' to bring themselves 'in line' with the requirements of the Climate change act. 3) Carbon reduction requirements in local plans have twin statutory anchors in both planning law and secondary legislation. 4) Local authorities have special powers to make requirements in relation to renewable and low carbon energy and building performance set out in the Planning and Energy Act 2008. 5) There is no national policy which restricts on site renewable energy generation and no restrictions on the energy efficiency standards above building regulations for commercial buildings. 6) The 2015 WMS is out of date and relying on it in practice guidance to stop local authorities setting ambitious standards would be illogical and unreasonable, and the principle of LPAs including energy efficiency policies that go beyond building regulations has been tested in a number of cases already with in the UK. The respondent recommends the complete removal of modification MM14 and requests that policy DM30a be reverted to its original phrasing. |
| 89 | Mrs Ann Brookes | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 90 | Ms Leyla Kent | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 91 | Mr Nick Armitage | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 92 | Mr Nigel Cochran | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 93 | Mr Michael Nightingale | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 94 | Ms Clare Price | | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 95 | James Wilson | James Wilson Associates | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They further state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 96 | Ivan Kilborn | | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 97 | Ms Judith Cook | | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 98 | Miss Bridget Cook | | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 99 | Ms Linda McCann | | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency |

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| | | | | standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 100 | Mr James Singleton | | Not Sound | The respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 101 | Mrs Barbara Middlemast- Neal | | Not Sound | The respondent stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 102 | Barbara Walker | | Not Sound | Respondent states that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

MM14 – Policy DM30a
508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 103 | Miss Lynn Schofield | | Not Sound | Respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 104 | Mr Ian Rickard | | Not Sound | Respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 105 | Morena Ashton | | Not Sound | Respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 106 | Mrs Fauzia Hart | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 107 | Kate Ashington | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 108 | Mr Michael Benis | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also feels that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 109 | Mrs Heather MacGregor | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also believes that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 110 | michael lockett | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also believes that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 111 | Mx Amanda Bray | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also believes that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 112 | Mrs Joanna Haughton | Social entrepreneur | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also believes that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 113 | Ruth Lambert | EarthQuakers | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 114 | Miss Amanda Kasafir | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 115 | Mrs Jean Blanquet | | Not Sound | The respondent is of the opinion that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 116 | Beth Middleton | Westmorland and Furness Council | Not Sound | The respondent believes that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 117 | Elizabeth Scott-Clarke | South Lakeland District Council | Not Sound | The respondent believes that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 118 | Ms Renate Aspden | | Not Sound | The respondent believes that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 119 | Mrs Helen Middleton | | Not Sound | The respondent believes that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 120 | Mr Chris Greatorex | | Not Sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 121 | Yvonne Dixon | | Not Sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 122 | Miss Helen Lindsay | | Not Sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 123 | Annette Powell MRTPI | | Not Sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 124 | Mr Peter Wood | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 125 | Mrs Louise Taylor | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 126 | Mr Mark Cordery | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 127 | Ms Elaine Wilkinson | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 128 | Mrs P J Green | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 129 | Mr Michael Whitaker | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency |

MM14 – Policy DM30a
508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also states that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 130 | Mrs Trish Barlow | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also states that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 131 | Jackie Surtees | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also states that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 132 | Martin McMahon | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent also states that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 133 | Mr. R C P Wells | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 134 | Jill feenan | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 135 | Mrs Jayne Strange | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 136 | Dr Thomas G Heyes | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod |

MM14 – Policy DM30a
508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 137 | Miss Cath Higgins | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 138 | Julian Brooks | Good Homes Alliance | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, stating that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 139 | Mr. David Leack | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 140 | Shirley Broughton Ms. | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 141 | Mr Frank Alsop | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 142 | Cilla Millner | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently been able to set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 143 | Mark Fermor | Shropshire Cycle Hub | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 144 | Mrs Helen Anderson | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 145 | Mr CAH Jubb | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that the modification MM14 is not justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 146 | Mrs Anne Griffiths | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 147 | Jamie Russell | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 148 | Brendon Morgan | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 149 | Miss Sara Helme | | Not Sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 150 | Ms Christine Bardsley | | Not Sound | MM14 should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the March 2015 WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 151 | Ms Sarah Punshon | | Not Sound | The original DM30a should be retained and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and NE Somerset and Central Lincolnshire on local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 152 | Maria Gray | | Not Sound | The original DM30a should be retained and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and NE Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency |

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| | | | | demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 153 | Mr Paul Frost | | Not Sound | The original DM30a should be retained and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and NE Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 154 | Roger Stocker | | Not Sound | DM30a should be retained in its original form and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central |

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| | | | | Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 155 | Ms Mary Poths | | Not Sound | DM30a should be retained in its original form and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 156 | Rosemary MacKinnon | | Not Sound | DM30a should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 157 | Mrs Jan O'Neill | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 158 | Ms Janet Slingsby | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and |

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| | | | | advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 159 | Mary Holden | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be |

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| | | | | retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 160 | Mr Richard Speight | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 161 | lan Berry | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency |

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| | | | | demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 162 | lan Berry | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 163 | Mr James Garrington | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical |

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| | | | | reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 164 | mr chris houston | Easterfold | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF lays out that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |

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| 165 | Anthony Grayling | New College of the Humanities | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 166 | Katie Higginson | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or |

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| | | | | consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 167 | Mr Russell Jones | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. |
| 168 | Thomas Hawkins | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central |

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| | | | | Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified, or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 169 | A Markwick | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified, or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 170 | Mr David Kemp | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical |

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| | | | | reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 171 | Kate Bissell | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |

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| 172 | Sandy Sharples | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 173 | Oliver Gill | Stone Masonry Repairs | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or |

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| | | | | consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 174 | Frank Friedmann | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 175 | Cllr Stephen Molyneux | East Suffolk Council | Not Sound | The modification should be withdrawn and the original policy kept. Using the legally deemed 'otiose' (see legal document prepared for Essex County Council) 2015 Written Ministerial Statement cited by the inspectorate as the reason for modifying DM30a is out of step with other inspectors' decisions regarding setting energy efficiency in other local authorities (Bath and NE Somerset, Cornwall, Central Lincs, Eastleigh Borough Council and Glasgow City Council). The other authorities' policies exceed Part L and exceed the abandoned Code Level 4. Lancaster City Council's original policy is in step with the NPPF Paragraph 152 and Paragraph 153. Lancaster's three stage approach is an exemplary target for other local authorities. MM14 is woefully misinformed given the urgency for the UK to meet net zero targets. Retaining the modification |

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| | | | | sets a dangerous precedent of inconsistency and is an obstacle for other local authorities. DM30a should be kept and the modification withdrawn. |
| 176 | Anne Harris | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 should be abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 177 | Carl Richardson | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency |

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| | | | | demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 178 | Maria Angeles | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 179 | Geof Atwel | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead |

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| | | | | to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 180 | Martin Cahn | councillor with South Cambridgeshire District Council replying in a personal capacity. | Not Sound | The respondent is replying in a personal capacity but outlines their background as councillor on South Cambridgeshire District Council and Chair of their Planning Committee, a qualified planner and a retired member of the RTPI. The respondent outlines that their authority is also preparing a local plan review and notes the impact that this modification could impact their review. Any development not achieving net zero is adding additional hurdles to meeting agreed 2050 net zero target. It will also add to the increasing backlog of existing development which needs to be improved. The respondent highlights that the issue is pertinent in their district. MM14 creates precedent which ignores challenge and creates problems in other areas. |
| | | | | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency |

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| | | | | demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| | | | | Any amendment which restricts plans to the minimum set by the building regulations will have limitations on other councils. The respondent references South Cambridgeshire and that the council would be left to request though goodwill an approach which has major limitations and would create and uneven playing field for developers proposing new development. The clear trajectory is to include net zero as a goal in new residential development, with deadlines, and is an essential feature of all new local plans which is consistent with international and national commitments of net zero by 2050. |
| 182 | Harper Robertson | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be |

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| | | | | retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 183 | Ms Eleanor Davidson | | Not Sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 184 | Mrs Jennifer Agricola | | Not Sound | The NPPF lays out that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The Planning Inspectorate's decision to replace a net zero requirement with MM14 is perverse. MM14 has not been 'positively prepared', 'cannot be justified' and does not meet NPPF paragraphs 152 and 153. It will not be 'effective' as it will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' due to relying on the outdated 2015 WMS. The modification is not 'consistent' with national policy as the WMS2015 has been superseded by a) the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) commitment of Net Zero 2050; b) the 2021 NPPF which commitment to net zero 2050 target; and c) the Updated Building Regulations aimed at reducing emissions. DM30a complies with the reaching net zero but MM14 does not and should be completely abandoned. |

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| | | | | Unlike WMS15 and the Planning Inspectorate's MM14, DM30a was 'positively prepared', 'justified', 'effective', and is 'consistent with National Policy'. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy and taking account of the urgency of the climate emergency and are effectively and positively preparing for the future consistent with government regulation. The Inspectorates 'dinosaur decision' does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. The inconsistent approach is not effective nationally, creates confusion for local planning authorities, retrofitting is more expensive and difficult to accomplish than building to a higher standard first. Lancaster City Council Should be commended for commitment to net zero by 2050. The retrograde changes required by the Planning Inspectorate (MM14) should be dropped and the wording returned to that originally proposed by Lancaster City Council. |
| 185 | MR Rafael Martínez | | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is |

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| | | | | inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 186 | Cllr Dave Brookes | Lancaster City Council Councillor | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 187 | Oliver Quantrill | | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of |

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| | | | | national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 188 | Dr Elizabeth Seakins | | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 189 | Ms Alice Brown | | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to |

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| | | | | mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 190 | Richard Wilson | Tatham Parish Council | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 191 | Mr Matthew Duckett | | Not sound | DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form as proposed by Lancaster City Council and MM14 abandoned. The original policy was positively |

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| | | | | prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| 192 | Mr Charles Ainger | Lune Valley Community Land Trust | Not sound | The modification MM14 should be abandoned completely. The original proposed Policy DM30a with a requirement for net zero homes should be retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. The UK government carbon-reduction targets for industry is 78% by 2035 and net zero target by 2050. The UN reports, the gap between climate performance in the building sector and 2050 decarbonisation targets is widening (UN, 2022). The sector must improve building energy performance and decrease building materials' carbon footprint. Local authorities should not find |

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| | | | | this daunting but see it as an opportunity to deliver sustainable homes via innovation, green jobs and healthier, cheaper-to-run homes. |
| | | | | Lancaster City Council's DM30a sets that challenge of higher building standards, to meet national carbon reduction targets. To do otherwise is a completely false economy: houses built to current Building Regulations will need retrofitting in 10 years's time. Highly energy efficient homes reduce carbon emissions, reduce fuel poverty and eliminate mould and damp issues. Homes built as recently as 10 or 20 years ago have damp and mould issues - currently a national problem requiring changes to the Law (which will become Awaab's Law this summer). There is no clash between building sufficient homes to alleviate the housing crisis, and at the same time mitigating the climate emergency. High quality homes are required that comply with current national climate change legislation and contribute to ongoing development of innovative building techniques to help reach its net zero targets. Local authorities have achieved this without additional expenditure (Exeter CC, over 10 years) by driving innovation in design and construction techniques amd Lancaster City Council should be allowed to set the same challenge to the sector. |
| | | | | Summary MM14 is not justified and not consistent with current national policy as it relies on an outdated WMS that has been overtaken by other legislation. It is not positively prepared as it ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency (note the world has just experienced the hottest day ever recorded). It is not effective nationally, as it reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency in new homes and creates confusion for local planning authorities. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. |
| | | | | MM14 should therefore be dropped entirely, and the wording should return to that originally proposed by Lancaster City Council |
| 193 | Ms SOPHIA CENEDA | CARBOGNO CENEDA ARCHITECTS | Not sound | The respondent is dismayed at MM14. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). |

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| | | | | The modification MM14 goes against policy objectives. The original requirement for net zero homes should be retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act with net zero for 2050, the NPPF and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021. These which supersede the March 2015 WMS which the Inspector cites as the basis for the modification MM14. MM145 is an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate and is not effective as new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future at great cost to local people which will deprive them of funds and who deserved building completed with high comfort and energy standards from the onset. MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions", is a shocking proposal in the current context and for all living through the existential threat posed by the current climate crisis (how much temperatures should rise to for this to be obvious? 55 degrees C.? 60?). And it will contribute to biodiversity collapse. MM4 should be abandoned completely and the originally proposed wording by Lancaster City Council should return. |
| 195 | Councillor Judy Filmore | Councillor from Westmorland and Furness Council | Not sound | The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will |

MM14 - Policy DM30a 508 representations - 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated MM ID Summary of comment Respondent Organisation Modification Ref Name sound/ not sound have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 should be abandoned and the original text as proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. The NPPF outlines the planning system should 'shape places in ways that contribute to radical 196 Sue Tyldesley City Councillor and Not sound resident reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' para 152 and take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change' para 153. Lancaster City Council's proposed Policy DM 30a seeks this and meets the above tests. It is a sound response to the NPPF guidance and similar to policies in adopted Local Plans elsewhere. It complies with the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) for Net Zero 2050. Objection to this policy by the Inspector seems to be based on an outdated written ministerial statement from 2015 which has been totally superseded - by the above Act, by building regulations, by decisions on other Local Plans and most importantly by disastrous warming of the planet. Houses built now should be designed to appropriate standards to meet the climate crisis and not require retrofitting almost as soon as they are built! It is not sound to rely on 2015 advice in 2023 considering current evidence of global warming and changes in legislation. The respondent feels strongly that all responsible authorities must do all they can to respond effectively to the climate crisis and take a rounded comprehensive view of the planning guidance - not rely on one out of date piece of advice. Other Inspectors in Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire have allowed Local Authorities to take a responsible approach and apply higher standards. The respondent questions why the opinion in Lancaster is inconsistent - and clearly therefore the respondent considers unsound. It is not justified by the facts and legislation on climate, not consistent with other decisions, not positively prepared(being based on an outdated partial position not a comprehensive context) and will not be effective in dealing with the climate crisis. Lancaster City's original Policy DM30a meets the tests of soundness and should be reinstated.

The respondent asks that they are listened to and outlines that it is so shortsighted to build new

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | houses which will need retrofitting (at higher cost) in the future. The respondent strongly opposes MM14 |
| 197 | Aylward Town Planning Ltd | on behalf of Derwent Development Management Ltd | Sound | No specific comment made in relation to para 9. |
| 197 | Aylward Town Planning Ltd | on behalf of Derwent Development Management Ltd | Not sound | Respondent states that Paragraph 12 does include text that recognises that the adherence to these policy objectives should be encouraged but considers that a rigid compliance requirement is unnecessary and unjustified. |
| | | | | States that it might be argued to conflict with the main modifications in terms of major non-residential development insofar that it does not refer to whether it is applicable to existing buildings where there is no change to the energy status. Respondent objects to this change as currently phrased as it would regrettably oblige schemes for changes of use or other minor works to existing buildings to provide supporting documentation that has otherwise been agreed to be unnecessary. Respondent recommends the following revisions and confirm that upon this being agreed that they would withdraw our objection accordingly: "The submission of an Energy and Carbon Statement will be required to demonstrate how a development seeks to address the aims of this policy for all new residential development and qualifying major non-residential development (including residential institutions- Class C2 and C2A and the non-residential part of mixed use developments)." |
| 197 | Aylward Town Planning Ltd | on behalf of Derwent Development Management Ltd | Sound | No specific comment made in relation to para 8a |
| 198 | Patrice Van Cleemput | | Not sound | The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form. The original policy was positively prepared, |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation and is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 should be abandoned and the original text as proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. |
| 199 | Dr Kathy Pitt | | Not sound | The respondent objects to MM14 as NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned. DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency (the world just experience the hottest day ever recorded and much of Southern Europe is experiencing exceptional heat and forest fires). It is not effective as it is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate and creates confusion with other Local Authorities. It is not locally effective as new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to |

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| | | | | achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 should be abandoned and the original text as proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. |
| 200 | Ms Clíodhna Mulhern | | Not sound | The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. Is not positively prepared as ignores the urgency of the climate emergency. It is not effective as it is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate and creates confusion for local planning authorities. The modification is not effective locally as new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 should be abandoned and the original text as proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. |
| 201 | Jonathan Rowe | | Not sound | The NPPF outlines that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form. The respondent has lived across the UK, cares deeply about rapid progress to net zero and is concerned that the positive approach to carbon reduction for Lancaster housing is being heavily |

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| | | | | watered down. This could have damaging local effects and knock on national effects. The respondent has a 3 year old child and feels that everything across all sectors needs to be done to move to allow carbon future. The respondent worries that taking a backwards step in Lancaster could set national precedent and slow positive progress to net zero. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, |
| | | | | the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. Is not positively prepared as ignores the urgency of the climate emergency. It is not effective as it is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate and creates confusion for local planning authorities. The modification is not effective locally as new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 should be abandoned and the original text as |
| 202 | Ms Rachel Stevens-Hall | | Not sound | proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. The NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The Planning Inspector's modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be completely abandoned. DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes, should be retained in its original form. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The Planning Inspectorate is acting inconsistently in light of decisions in Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire in terms of local authorities setting higher energy efficiency standards ahead of national policy. The Inspector does not consider the data presented by IPPC on the urgency demanded by the climate change |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | emergency and fails to recognise the commitment to emissions reductions ratified in the Paris Agreement. |
| | | | | MM14 is not justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. Is not positively prepared as ignores the urgency of the climate emergency. It is not effective as it is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate and creates confusion for local planning authorities. With the modifications to the zero carbon policy, the Planning Inspectorate risks setting precedent and impeding the chance to reach net zero by 2050. More money will have to be spent on retrofitting homes in the future. The respondent states for the sake of our children decisive steps should be taken to decarbonise homes and the Planning Inspectorate should support councils in doing this without delay. MM14 should be dropped and the original wording as proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. |
| 203 | Jessica Neil | | Not sound | The respondent has stated that they were happy with DM30a as originally proposed, as it was helping to ensure a safe future for their children, and that modification MM14 sets a dangerous precedent that could restrict other councils in pursuing net zero and ultimately water down the government's national commitment to net zero 2050. They further state the proposed modification MM14 is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF and that therefore DM30a should be retained in its original phrasing and MM14 be removed completely. They state that MM14 removes the part of DM30a which are effective, and that this will lead to more money spent on retrofitting in the future. They further state that the WMS 2015 has been superseded by the building regulations, the NPPF and the Climate Change Act. They also claim that the inspectorate is taking an inconsistent approach as three other local authorities have recently adopted higher standards than building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Sommerset, and Central Lincolnshire), and that by doing so, they are ignoring the findings of the IPCC and the targets of the Paris Agreement. They conclude that the modification MM14 is not justified, not consistent with national policy, not positively prepared and not effective. |
| 204 | Beth Watson | | Not sound | The respondent begins be highlighting the various climatic events happening across the globe at the time of writing, including wildfires and record heatwaves. They state that the science is clear that we should be planning for the future, just as Cornwall, bath and NE Somerset and Central |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | Lincolnshire are already doing with housing. They state that the need to control carbon emissions and use renewable energy is now urgent. They go on to state that the WMS 2015 has been superseded, and that it would make no sense for an inspector to amend the policy based on this alone, stating that Local Authorities should be allowed to do their jobs. They further state the proposed modification MM14 is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF and that therefore DM30a should be retained in its original phrasing and MM14 be removed completely. They then go on to say that the WMS 2015 has been superseded by the building regulations, the NPPF and the Climate Change Act. They also claim that the inspectorate is taking an inconsistent approach as three other local authorities have recently adopted higher standards than building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Sommerset, and Central Lincolnshire), and that by doing so, they are ignoring the findings of the IPCC and the targets of the Paris Agreement. They conclude that the modification MM14 is not justified, not consistent with national policy, not positively prepared and not effective. |
| 205 | Mrs Sarah Dobson | | Not sound | The respondent begins by stating that the proposed modification MM14 is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF and that therefore that DM30a should be retained in its original phrasing and MM14 be removed completely. The respondent has noted that they do not live in Lancaster, but have responded to this consultation because they have a 7 year old daughter, and want the UK government to uphold its commitment to limit global warming to 1.5C in order that all children have a chance to have a liveable / healthy future. They state that important policies such as DM30a should not be watered down for short sighted, short-term gains. They then go on to state that the precedent of MM14 could go on to justify the evasion of other climate laws in this country. They stress that the CCC have stated we are not on track to reach our 2050 targets, and that the climate is already changing. They state that the level of urgency is not enough, and that they feel heartbroken that their children's future is being disregarded by governments and corporate interests. They then go on to say that the WMS 2015 has been superseded by the building regulations, the NPPF and the Climate Change Act. They also claim that the inspectorate is taking an inconsistent approach as three other local authorities have recently adopted higher standards than building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Sommerset, and Central Lincolnshire), and that by doing so, they are ignoring the findings of the |

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| | | | | IPCC and the targets of the Paris Agreement. They conclude that the modification MM14 is not |
| | | | | justified, not consistent with national policy, not positively prepared and not effective. |
| 206 | Mrs. Sarah Llewellyn | | Not sound | The respondent begins by stating that they are a parent of a toddler, and that they fear for the future of their toddler every day. They stress that decarbonising homes is important for securing a better future and that the effects of climate change have already reached the UK and Europe. They then state that we should not be splitting hairs and causing delays concerning the decarbonisation of homes. They say that the proposed modification MM14 is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF and that therefore that DM30a should be retained in its original phrasing and MM14 be removed completely. They then go on to say that the WMS 2015 has been superseded by the building regulations, the NPPF and the Climate Change Act. They also claim that the inspectorate is taking an inconsistent approach as three other local authorities have recently adopted higher standards than building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Sommerset, and Central Lincolnshire), and that by doing so, they are ignoring the findings of the IPCC and the targets of the Paris Agreement. They conclude that the modification MM14 is not |
| 207 | Ms Sarah Amandes | Democrats Abroad UK | Not sound | The respondent says that, as a parent, they are concerned that local authorities retain their right to be decisive regarding emissions reductions. They say that their own experiences with developers are that without legal requirements, they would always choose the more polluting option. They state that the climate emergency is not being treated as an emergency, and that we are already seeing deadly disasters brought on by climate change. They say that the proposed modification MM14 is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF and that therefore that DM30a should be retained in its original phrasing and MM14 be removed completely. They then go on to say that the WMS 2015 has been superseded by the building regulations, the NPPF and the Climate Change Act. They also claim that the inspectorate is taking an inconsistent approach as three other local authorities have recently adopted higher standards than building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Sommerset, and Central Lincolnshire), and that by doing so, they are ignoring the findings of the IPCC and the targets of the Paris Agreement. They highlight that energy-inefficient homes will cost more money as they will require retrofitting and that the current flooding seen in Lancashire has been linked to Climate Change. |

MM14 - Policy DM30a 508 representations - 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated MM ID Summary of comment Respondent Organisation Modification Ref Name sound/ not sound They conclude that the modification MM14 is not justified, not consistent with national policy, not positively prepared and not effective The respondent outlines the that the NPPF states that the planning system should "shape places 208 Ms Jennifer Not sound Rouse in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" (Paragraph 152) and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change" (Paragraph 153). The modification MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions." DM30a, and the requirement for net zero homes. The original policy provides both social and environmental benefit, promotes the energy transition and avoids expensive retrofit later representing strategic thinking. Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire's targets have been set so it is not against national policy. The WMS 2015 has been superseded by the Climate Change Act with net zero target of 2050, changes to the Building Regs part L and the moral urgency of acting to decarbonise in every possible way. The IPCC and global consensus is that swift action is needed to avoid planetary crisis. It is the last chance to achieve the Paris Agreement. The government has committed to a legally binding target. The respondent questions why the inspector is 'splitting hairs and cooking up perverse delays to a commonsensical policy' which would benefit people, further the transition, and result in cost savings due to avoidance of retrofitting later. The urgency is now. Heat records are being broken, Greece is on fire, rivers of ice are flowing in Italy. Unbelievably high temperatures are being recorded in cities on different continents. In Lancashire floods closed roads. Councils are looking on as this decision is being made. The respondent outlines that as a parent they would protect their child from these 'terrors'. The respondent states they do not understand why the policy is being rejected as to do so runs against 'good sense, established precedent and moral duty.' The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and advancements in the Building Regulations 2021 which supersede the March 2015 WMS. The respondent asks that the inspector join other inspectors for Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire and show visionary leadership needed and

drop MM14. MM14 is not justified or consistent as it relies on the WMS which has been

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | overtaken by other legislation. Is not positively prepared as ignores the urgency of the climate emergency. It is not effective as it is inconsistent with other decisions by the Planning Inspectorate and creates confusion for local planning authorities. The modification is not effective locally as new homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive than building to higher standards from the start. MM14 should be abandoned and the original text as proposed by Lancaster City Council returned. The respondent asks that we get to where we need to be. Set an example, safeguard our children's futures through transitioning to net zero as soon as possible. |
| 209 | Mrs Sophie Williams | Parents for Future | Not sound | The respondent outlines that she is a mother and NHS professional. Climate change is a health emergency. Air pollution from fossil fuels contribute to 300,000 premature deaths in the UK each year. The respondent has lived in the UK their whole life and is a nature lover. They volunteer for Parents for Future which supports the green transition for next generations. The respondent feels that the modifications are on the 'wrong side of history.' MM14 will not lead to radical reductions in green house gas emissions and should be abandoned. Original policy DM30a and net zero homes should be retained. If MM14 is dropped and the original wording replaces, it will be on the 'right side of history' and other councils will follow. The respondent asks that consideration be given to future generations when making the decision. |
| 210 | Mrs Sam Holmes | | Not sound | According to the NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The respondent highlights the climate emergency, climate anxiety, the findings f the Climate Change Committee in respect of unfit homes and the need to set high standards and minimise carbon impact. The policy would help the young people of Lancaster to feel like their concerns are being heard and action is being taken to give them a liveable future. The economic arguments for the policy are highlighted. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 211 | Mrs Jennifer Hannon | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The respondent highlights that domestic heating contributes a significant proportion of the UK's greenhouse gas emissions at 14%. The respondent is of the opinion that LCC have set out a clear path to reducing these emissions, and the requirement for developers to meet higher energy standards is proportionate to the scale of the climate crisis. The Inspector ignores latest IPPC report which tells us we must act immediately to reduce carbon emissions to stay within the Paris Agreement limit of 1.5 degrees. It will be cheaper for developers to build less efficient homes but there will be higher cost for retrofitting in the future. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. MM14 is not justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 212 | Ms Rosa Gindele | | Not sound | MM14 is not compliant with the NPPF as it will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective, and consistent with National Policy, that is the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), the NPPF and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new |

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| | | | | zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 213 | Phil Edmondson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 214 | Dr Thomas Higgs | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| | | | | IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 215 | Mrs Alice Rushworth | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 216 | Constance Wood | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| | | | | IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 217 | Chayley Collis | UK Passivhaus Trust | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The respondent draws attention to the Passivhaus Trust and Good Homes Alliance recently compiled an overview of exemplar Local Plans and policies which demonstrates that the decision regarding Lancaster City Council and modification MM14 is inconsistent. The Climate Change Commission report (July 2023) looks at barriers and opportunities for delivering net zero and climate and includes a number of recommendations, including that the WMS should be revoked immediately. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 218 | Mark McPhee | MJM Architecure | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas |

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| 219 | Mr Philip Ward | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 220 | GRAHAM COLLINGRIDGE | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas |

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| 221 | Tim Attwood | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. It places a higher burden on the carbon savings needed to retrofit homes to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 222 | Jasper Meade | PYC Group | Not sound | The respondent states that the planning inspectorate is there to ensure that the legal requirements and national policy are met and draws attention to the Strategic Plan which states it will contribute to UN sustainable goals and help to ensure that decisions and recommendations |

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| | | | | were made promptly and with consistency. The respondent also draws attention to the principles in the rt Honourable Michael Grove MP speech (24 July 2023) 5 - Greener homes, greener landscapes and green belt protection and 7 -Ensuring that every home is safe, decent and warm and referred to universal Future Homes Standard enabled though Passivhaus design principles. The respondent draws attention to Planning for the Future White Paper and references supporting efforts to combat climate change and maximises environmental benefits. The respondent highlights that the Passive House Planning Package (PHPP) speeds up decisions and ensures space heating and energy usage are kept to a minimum, ensure the CO2 emissions are reduced, and help with the requirements for decarbonization of the energy infrastructure. By refusing Dm30a the Inspectorate is not allowing the Council to deliver on national policy. |
| 223 | Ms Juliet Keenan | | Not sound | The respondent states that the planning inspectorate is there to ensure that the legal requirements and national policy are met and draws attention to the Strategic Plan which states it will contribute to UN sustainable goals and help to ensure that decisions and recommendations were made promptly and with consistency. The respondent also draws attention to the principles in the rt Honourable Michael Grove MP speech (24 July 2023) 5 - Greener homes, greener landscapes and green belt protection and 7 -Ensuring that every home is safe, decent and warm and referred to universal Future Homes Standard enabled though Passivhaus design principles. The respondent draws attention to Planning for the Future White Paper and references supporting efforts to combat climate change and maximises environmental benefits. The respondent highlights that the Passive House Planning Package (PHPP) speeds up decisions and ensures space heating and energy usage are kept to a minimum, ensure the CO2 emissions are reduced, and help with the requirements for decarbonization of the energy infrastructure. By refusing Dm30a the Inspectorate is not allowing the Council to deliver on national policy. |
| 224 | J Keenan | pyc group limited | Not sound | The respondent states that the planning inspectorate is there to ensure that the legal requirements and national policy are met and draws attention to the Strategic Plan which states it will contribute to UN sustainable goals and help to ensure that decisions and recommendations were made promptly and with consistency. The respondent also draws attention to the principles in the rt Honourable Michael Grove MP speech (24 July 2023) 5 - Greener homes, greener landscapes and green belt protection and 7 -Ensuring that every home is safe, decent and warm and referred to universal Future Homes Standard enabled though Passivhaus design principles. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | The respondent draws attention to Planning for the Future White Paper and references supporting efforts to combat climate change and maximises environmental benefits. The respondent highlights that the Passive House Planning Package (PHPP) speeds up decisions and ensures space heating and energy usage are kept to a minimum, ensure the CO2 emissions are reduced, and help with the requirements for decarbonization of the energy infrastructure. By refusing Dm30a the Inspectorate is not allowing the Council to deliver on national policy. |
| 225 | Mr Gabriel Hyde | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 227 | Giulia Nicolini | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 228 | Mr Martin Sleath | Unison Cumbria County Branch | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These |

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| | | | | supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 229 | Rich Hibbert | PYC Group | Not sound | Passivhaus design should be standard for all types of projects as part of Lancaster City Council DPD. Planning Inspectorate as part of DLHC should ensure that the legal requirements and national policy are met. In Strategic Plan for 2021-25 they said they would contribute to UN Sustainable goals, and help ensure decisions and recommendations were made promptly and with consistency. In speech on 24 th July 2023 rt Honourable Michael Gove (MP) 2 of the 10 principles were 'greener homes, greener landscapes and green belt protection' and 'ensuring that every home is safe, decent and warm'. Continuing 'so for new build homes we will roll out new design codes, and later this year we will consult on a universal Future Homes Standard – to deliver comfortable homes built to be zero-carbon: warm in the winter and cool in the summer' – these are key deliverables enabled through Passivhaus design principles. Planning for the Future White Paper states planning process should make decisions faster, ensure planning system combats climate change and maximised environmental benefits, and gives permanence to Building Better, Building Beautiful commission. Also that new homes should aim for 75-80% less CO2 emissions by 2025. Councils that have adopted Passive House Planning Package (PHPP) this has speeded up planning decisions and kept heating/energy usage to a minimum and suitable for all projects. Refusing to do so the Planning Inspectorate are failing to deliver their own strapline of 'fair, impartial and open'. |
| 230 | Mr Donald Power | Ealing Friends of the Earth | Not sound | In midst of climate emergency, will only get worse without radical action and leadership. UK's climate commitments meaningless if don't apply them to the built environment. Modification not in conformity with NPPF as will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions'. Original policy should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath, North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero |

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| | | | | residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Parish Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 231 | Mr Bert Czernia C.Bulid E MCABE | Midlothian Council | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 232 | Cllr Alex Doyle | South Gloucestershire Council | Not sound | Respondent does not support modification MM14. It will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was effective and consistent with the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. The precedent set by a failure to restore this plan would make it extremely difficult for South Gloucestershire to hit its climate and environmental commitments, which have been developed in response to the legislative requirements around emissions reductions enshrined in the UK's Climate Change Act and locally made Climate Emergency declaration. |
| 233 | Sally Ann Shelley Maddocks | Elected Member | Not sound | Modification not sound. Should be brought in line with other Council's. Using a ruling from 2015 is 8 years out of date and not appropriate to the climate emergency. Shows lack of understanding |

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| | | | | of the difference between local areas. Shows an alarming dedication to centralisation of planning policy without reference to local priorities and the priorities of local residents and businesses. |
| 234 | Tom Gwilliam | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 235 | Isaac Beevor | Climate Emergency UK | Not sound | Respondent does not support this modification. MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was effective and consistent with the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. More Councils are coming forward with these proposals in draft stage (Wirral, GMCA, Leeds and Sheffield). All of these policies to set higher energy efficiency, and stronger local building regulations, are justified and legal. This has been shown by the legal advice provided by Essex County Council which states: 'National baseline targets for energy efficiency standards are set out by Building Regulations. The Planning and Energy Act 2008 gives local planning authorities the power to set targets which exceed these standards. More recent planning decisions have created confusion about the extent of this power. To combat this confusion, we commissioned legal advice from Estelle Dehon KC at Cornerstone Barristers. Her open advice document shows the legal justification for higher energy performance targets. It can be used by local planning authorities in open forums. This includes public inquiries and local plan examinations." All this confusion has been caused by completely inconsistent decisions by the Planning Inspectorate in this case and the Planning Inspectorate as a whole. |

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| | | | | Local authorities do have the power to go beyond building regulations as many are planning on doing. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 236 | Pete Abel | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 237 | Dave Plumb | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Parish Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 238 | Mrs Diane Lamb | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Parish Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 239 | Henning Wriedt | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 240 | Sefton Archer | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 241 | Mandy Bannon | Councillor, Lancaster City Council | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 242 | Dr J Fisher | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 243 | Councillor James Sommerville | Councillor, Lancaster City Council | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 244 | Mr Alex Burn | 4Site Engineering & Construction Ltd | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 245 | Ms Colette Humphrey | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 246 | Eric Woods | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 247 | Mrs Angeline Braidwood | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 248 | Mrs Tracey Hart | RIBA LFA Architect | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 249 | Ms Ceri Turner | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 250 | Susan Dyer | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 251 | Nigel Moss | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 252 | Dr Kate Treharne | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 253 | Suhir Abuhajar | JOG Counciller | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 254 | Peter Ward | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 255 | Ms Miranda Prag | | Not Sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 256 | Andrew McCamley | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 257 | Eric Fewster | ColdProof | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 258 | Chloe Cox | (Assistant Climate Change Officer) Wyre Council | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 259 | Mr Kenneth Hollis | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 260 | Mr Jon Kerr | Zero Carbon Harrogate | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 261 | Molly Hogg | Cumbria Action for Sustainability | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 262 | Dr Elinor Rooks | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 263 | Francis Iszatt MRTPI | | Not sound | No comments made. |
| 264 | Mr Alasdair Muir | A Muir Surveying | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 265 | Mrs Kath Halfpenny | Wreay Eco Group | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 266 | Mrs Linda Secker | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |

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| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 267 | Donna Munro CEng MIMechE | Independent Energy Advisor | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 268 | Kathryn Baker | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 269 | Victoria Thomas | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 270 | Dr Ana Costa | Lancaster University | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 271 | Ms Sue Walley | SENS. Sustainable Staveley | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 272 | Dominic Kramer | MWK Architects Ltd | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 273 | Mr Andrew Goodman | Good Architecture; Association of Environment Conscious Building; Passivhaus Trust; ARB and RIBA | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 274 | Michael McFarlane | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 275 | Ms Diane Hubbard | Green Footsteps Ltd | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 276 | Mr William Dawson | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 277 | Mrs Annie Hinge | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 278 | Dr Elinor Rooks | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |

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| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 279 | Mr Robert Pottinger | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 280 | MRS P POTTINGER | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 281 | Dr Rhona O'Brien | Friends of the Earth | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |

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| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 282 | Sandra Bell | Friends of the Earth | Not sound | Respondent does not support MM14. Since the Inspector's modification for Lancaster the Committee on Climate Change has published a report on the planning system in which it calls for consistent alignment of planning policy with mitigation and adaptation actions in the Climate Change Act and specifically recommends revoking the 2015 Written Ministerial Statement on plan-making and replacing it with a statement confirming that planning authorities are able to set more ambitious local standards on energy efficiency. MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath, North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 283 | Lisa Scott | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

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|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 284 | Mr D J Bilton | Bilton Design Ltd | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 285 | Mr Joachim Neff | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 286 | Fariha Blockley | | No sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

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| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not | |
| 207 | Miss Driem. | | sound | No difference in material and additionation NANALA will material to disclude and additional in |
| 287 | Miss Briony Scott | | No sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |
| | Scott | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the |
| | | | | Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These |
| | | | | supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |
| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national |
| | | | | Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not |
| | | | | justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 288 | Ms Marian | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in |
| | McCraith | | | greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the |
| | | | | Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These |
| | | | | supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |
| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national |
| | | | | Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not |
| | | | | justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 289 | Prof David | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in |
| | Evans | | | greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the |
| | | | | Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |
| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national |
| | | | | Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not |
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| | | | | justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not | Summary of comment |
| ivei | Name | | sound | |
| 290 | Mr Hugh Pottinger | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 291 | Mr. William South | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 292 | Yvonne Atkins | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 293 | Ms. Kirsty McGhie | JMP Architects Ltd | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 294 | Cordelia Newsome | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 295 | County Councillor Gina Dowding | Elected member of Lancashire County Council, representing 11,000 residents in Lancaster Central Division | Not sound | Respondent does not support MM14. The original proposed wording of policy DM30a was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with the NPPF, Climate Change Act and should be retained. MM14 is not in accordance with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF. It is not positively prepared as it ignores warnings from IPCC, it is not justified or consistent with national policy as it refers to the Written Ministerial Statement of 2015 that is now outdated. It is inconsistent with the Planning Inspectorate where other Inspectors have ruled LPA's can set much higher standards. It is not effective locally as it will mean that new homes will soon have to be retrofitted to achieve net zero. MM14 should be dropped and the wording returned to that originally proposed by the Council. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 296 | Matthew Snedker | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 297 | Mr Jean Marc Mbouma | Mine Tech Services LTD | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 298 | Mr Nicholas Grant | UK Passivhaus Trust | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Parish Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 299 | Ms Helen Bartosinski | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 300 | Mr. Michael Rogers | LAMILUX UK | Not sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original policy wording for DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 301 | Ms. Claire Potter | | Not sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 302 | Ms Sue Denerley | | Not sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 303 | Mrs Wiebke Rietz | Alchemilla Architects Ltd | Not sound | The respondent has stated that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 304 | Dr Robert Cohen | Verco | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 305 | Miss Annie Neat | | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 306 | Beccy Smart | Save Nature photography | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 307 | Ms Kim Wisdom (Senior Conservation Officer for north Lancashire) | The Wildlife Trust for Lancashire, Manchester and north Merseyside | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). They go on to highlight recent world events, with the new record for heat in the UK being set last year, and this year being even worse in terms of global climate breakdown and have called MM14 a retrograde step away from net zero at a time when we need to be accelerating our net zero efforts. The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 308 | David Fidoe | | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 309 | Mr Hugh Roberts | Lancaster Civic Vision | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 310 | Terrie Metcalfe | | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to state that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 311 | Mr George Martin | Building Performance Network | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to say that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 312 | Natalia | BI Engineer, Mine Tech Services | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to say that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 313 | Samuel Darby | | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to say that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 314 | Ms Desna Mackenzie | | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to say that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| 315 | The Revd Mark Nash-Williams MA, BD | Bishop of Newcastle's Adviser on the Environment | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to say that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 316 | Mr Thomas Scott | | Not sound | The respondent feels that mod MM14 should be abandoned completely as it is not in line with paragraphs 152 and 153 of the NPPF, and that the original wording for policy DM30a should be retained. They go on to say that the Written Ministerial Statement 2015 upon which mod MM14 is based, has been superseded by Building Regulations 2021, the Climate Change Act (2019) and updates to the NPPF. They also highlight the inconsistency within the planning inspectorate, saying that other local authorities have recently set fabric efficiency standards above those of building regulations (Cornwall, Bath and North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire). The respondent has also stated that they don't believe the modification MM14 is justified, positively prepared or effective. |
| 317 | Dee Searle, Vice Chair | Kentish Town Neighbourhood Forum | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 318 | Calum Millbank | Community energy south | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |

| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment |
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| Ref | Name | Organisation | sound/ not sound | |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 319 | Lilian Wouters | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 320 | Michelle Sullivan | | Not sound | No comments made. |
| 321 | Melanie Forrest | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not | Summary of comment |
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| Kei | Name | | sound | |
| 322 | Gilbert Daphne | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 323 | Ms Vicky Morgan | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 324 | Rachel Heron | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |

MM14 – Policy DM30a
508 representations – 3 sound / 500 not sound/ 5 not stated

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| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not sound | |
| 325 | Rachel Heron | | Not sound | Duplicate response of MM ID Ref 324 |
| 326 | Mr Stephen | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in |
| 320 | Feber | | Not sound | greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the |
| | | | | Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These |
| | | | | supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |
| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national |
| | | | | Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not |
| | | | | justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 327 | Cllr Christine | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in |
| | Wild | | | greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the |
| | | | | Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |
| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national |
| | | | | Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not |
| | | | | justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 328 | Ms Victoria | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in |
| | Evans | | | greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |
| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the |
| 1 | | | | Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These |
| | | | | supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |
| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy |
| | | | | standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national |
| | | | | Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 329 | Mr David Bethune | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 330 | Councillor Natalie McVey | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 331 | Ms Mandy King | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 332 | Mr. Ian Brown | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 333 | Dr Julie Milton | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 334 | Judith Stevenson | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 335 | Mykyta | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 336 | Ms Jane Atkinson | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 337 | Michael Zawadzki | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 338 | Miss Ruth Evans | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 339 | Mrs Anne Green | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 340 | Lady Virginia Beardshaw | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 341 | Mr Tristan Strange | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 342 | mr. Viacheslav Brui | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 343 | Mrs Agniezka Cahn | | No sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 344 | Lesley mcgilvary | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 345 | Freddie Bowry | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 346 | Mr Jonathan Cuniowski | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 347 | Dr Fiona Frank | Forgebank Films | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 348 | Eluned Owen | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 349 | Mr Marian Sulek | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 350 | Ms Dawn Keyse | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 351 | Ms Adele Ivy- Harris | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 352 | Ms Elizabeth Neat | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 353 | Ms Rosemary Betterton | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 354 | Dr Kathy Bashford | | Not sound | MM14 modification should be abandoned. Original policy DM30a should be retained. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 355 | Dr Emma Cardwell | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 356 | Judith Van Dam | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 357 | James Dunbar | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 358 | Sarah Dunbard | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 359 | Jon Sear | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 360 | Mrs Holly Roberts | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 361 | Joel Lutman | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC |

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| | | | | that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 362 | Professor Robert Fildes | | Not sound | Modification should be dropped. The need is for new homes that do not contribute to the developing climate disaster. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. This modification will lead to increased environmental damage. Well known that other local authorities have set much higher energy standards. Also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 363 | Hannah Lane | | Not sound | In light of cost of living crisis respondent cannot understand decision behind MM14. Modification MM14 is outdates, based on MWS15 which has been superseded by the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019) which commits UK to net zero by 2020, NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. Will cost local communities more in long term, with the need for retrofit to achieve net zero. Inconsistent with other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset & Central Lincolnshire). Decision for Lancaster also ignore recent March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to reduce our carbon emissions if we have any chance of meeting Paris Agreement commitments. MM14 should be dropped. |
| 364 | Sara Bundy | Resident | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 365 | Mr John Lowery | Askam Civil Engineering Ltd | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |

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| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 366 | Miss Rebecca Moore | | Not sound | Respondent does not support MM14. Concerned as a mother and a Director of a national campaigning charity (r.e. building right kind of housing – energy efficient and affordable for most). Decarbonising housing is a major component of UK's race to net zero, there is clear national policy committing UK to net zero by 2050. Lancaster is trying to join this race. Higher energy saving standards create warmer homes at lower costs. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 367 | Mrs Bryony Davy | | Sound | No comments made. |
| 368 | Michael Ford- Cowie | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North |

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| | | | | East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 369 | Miss Kerstin Finkw | | Not sound | As a parent respondent wants to be sure their child can still enjoy a prosperous life in a country that has adapted in a timely manner to the environmental challenges posed by global warming. MM14 stands in the way of this and should be dropped. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 370 | Ms Kate Studley | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 371 | Ms Juliet Chen | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |

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| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 372 | Mr Gareth Richards | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 373 | Elaine Currie | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 374 | Mrs Mari Rumsey | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it |

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| | | | | was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 375 | Judith Somerwill | | Not sound | Modification is not supported. Modification MM14 will not lead to 'radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions' as per NPPF. Original proposed policy DM30a should be retained as it was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with national policy including the Climate Change Act (Amendment 2019), NPPF and 2021 uplift in Building Regulations. These supersede the Written Ministerial Statement WMS15. Other Inspectors (Cornwall, Bath & North East Somerset and Central Lincolnshire) have ruled Local Authorities can set much higher energy standards than building regulations and aim for net zero residential buildings ahead of national Government policy. An inconsistency in decisions also ignores March 2023 warnings from IPCC that we need to act now to meet our commitments under Paris Agreement. MM14 is not justified, consistent with national policy, positively prepared or effective. |
| 376 | Mr Malcolm Martin | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 377 | K Jill McKeown | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 378 | Mr John Harrington | William Ford C of E Junior School | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 379 | Ms Carla Monvid | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 380 | Mr Giles Barrett | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 381 | Jean Cousens | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 382 | Mrs Jessica Livock | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 383 | Monica Sampson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 384 | Dominic McCabe | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 385 | Ms Sarah Coop | LOT25 Property Ltd | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 386 | Mr John Clegg | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| 387 | Mr Marcus J Simmons | Transition Chipping Norton | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 388 | Carrie Wheeler | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| 389 | Dr Jane May Morrison | Energy Saving Trust/ Home Energy Scotland | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 390 | Mrs Caroline Mason | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| 391 | Mr David Walker | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 392 | Ms Helen Forester | | Not sound | The respondent considers the Inspector's rejection of LCC's carbon zero policy concerning given the impacts of climate change. Achieving carbon net zero by 2050, as enshrined in UK law by the Climate Change Act of 2019 will not happen if council's are not allowed to make decisive moves to achieve it. The original wording of MM14 would mean that there are clear targets laid out to do this. The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 393 | Mr Ben Morris | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 394 | Rob Burke | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 395 | Mark Hollinrake | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 396 | Mrs Emily Frayling | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 397 | Mr Ian Stokes | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 398 | Gemma Taylor | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 399 | Tony Pearce | Stafford Borough Council | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 400 | Rosie Pearson | West Oxfordshire District Council | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 401 | Hannah Ross- Tatam | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 402 | Mrs Charlotte Campion | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 403 | Hugo Ross- Tatam | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 404 | Mr John Hopes | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 405 | Ms Megan Lounds | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 406 | Ben Taylor | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 407 | Ms Zana Dean | Tread Studio architects | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 408 | Laura France | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 409 | Ms Karen Mitchell | Cumbria Action for Sustainability | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 410 | Dr Gill Turner | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 411 | Cllr Julie Wood | Malvern Hills District Council | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 412 | Sophie Foote | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 413 | Rosemary Hervey | Architecture Department design fellow Cambridge University | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 414 | Jonathan Russell | Buzz Action Foundation CIO | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 415 | Councillor Fran Victory | Malvern Hills Green Party | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 416 | Chris Baxter | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 417 | Mr Robert Jones | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive |
| 418 | Ms Sarah Bridges | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 419 | Rob Ward | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 420 | Mrs Helena Dixon | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 421 | Ms Camilla Govan | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 422 | Sandra Coleman Mrs | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 423 | Simon Johnson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 424 | Anne Gadsden | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 425 | Amy Berrisford | Manchester Friends of the Earth | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
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| 427 | Ms Katharine Parsons | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 428 | Dr Zoe Shackleton | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 429 | Mrs Lisa Ward | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 430 | Mrs Julia Shay | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 431 | Darren Ward | Red Raven Design Ltd | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 432 | Becky Turner- Jones | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 433 | Louise Crow | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 434 | Emma Hughes | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 435 | Ms Sarah Kirk- Browne | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 436 | Mrs Jane Cheal | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 437 | Chris Adams | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 438 | Mariana Novosivschei | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 439 | Pam Wortley | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 440 | Dr Emily Pieri | NHS | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 441 | Mrs Emma Thomas | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 442 | TIM NICHOLSON | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 443 | Councillor Natalie McVey | Malvern Hills District Council | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 444 | Harry Paticas | Retrofit Action For Tomorrow CIC | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 445 | Dr C Kennedy | NHS | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 446 | Ms Ella Best | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 447 | Mr Oscar Morland | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 448 | Charlotte Bennett | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 449 | Mr John Macefield | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 450 | Dr Mirian Calvo | Lancaster University | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 451 | Dr Ewan Jones | SW Green Party Regional Council Representative | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 452 | Helen Heathfield | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 453 | Andrew Kay | Labour Party | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 454 | Mr Darren Yates | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 455 | Mr Robert McGinnes | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 456 | Ken Johnston | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 457 | Matthew Pembery | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 458 | Miriam Calvo Vilanova | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 459 | Mirian Rodriguez | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 460 | Deborah Adler | Retrofit Action for Tomorrow | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 461 | Emma Rodriguez | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 462 | Rich Lehmann | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 463 | Ms. Carmen Fabregat | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 464 | Sonia Jackson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 465 | Maryna Movchan | MTS UK | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 466 | Councillor Natalie McVey | Malvern Hills District Council | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 467 | Ms. Yuliia Radzivil | Mine Tech Services UK | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 468 | Mike Birkin | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 469 | Shane McQuillan | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 470 | Ms Cleo Anderson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 471 | Thomas Jordan | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 472 | Mr Timothy Gilbert | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 473 | Ms Kea | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 474 | Julie Mcmurray | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 475 | Dr Susan Steward | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 476 | Christina Moran | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 477 | Keanan Waters | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 478 | Patrick Coad | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 479 | Barry Marchant | Lamilux UK | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 480 | Mrs Nataliia Halona | Mine Tech Services (UK) Ltd | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 481 | Mr Ian Turner | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 482 | Matt Bridgestock | John Gilbert Architects | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 483 | Miss Alice Davies | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 484 | Paul Williamson | TimberTight Ltd | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 485 | Mr Charles Frayling | (parents) | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 486 | Mr Andrew Guyler | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 487 | Dr Ali Abbas | | Not sound | Paras 152 and 153 of the NPPF say the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 should be rejected as it will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions". The original DM30a with a requirement for net zero homes should be retained as it was consistent with National Policy including the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 488 | Mr Ian Pritchett | Greencore Homes Ltd. | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the |

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| 489 | Deborah Ray | Lowestoft Town Councillor (completing in personal capacity) | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 490 | Cllr Dr Erica Lewis | County Councillor for Lancaster South East, Former Leader Lancaster City Council | Not sound | The respondent has raised issues with the national planning system and conflict with local planning. The respondent sets out references to addressing climate change in the NPPF. The local plan should respond to the climate emergency and require developments to deliver affordable, accessible and beautiful homes supported with the necessary public and social infrastructure. MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local |

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| 491 | Ms Helen Forester | Parents for Future UK | Not sound | The respondent asks for MM14 to be dropped and DM30a returned to the wording to that originally proposed by Lancaster City Council. It is imperative that we take clear and decisive action towards securing a liveable future for our children. The Climate Change law (2019) enshrined in law the UK's commitment to achieving net zero by 2050. LCCs plans will lead the way and set an example. The Inspector's continued rejection of LCC's policy and suggestion of MM14 is short-sighted and unethical. The original wording of MM14 would mean that there are clear targets laid out. New housing developments could create exciting new standards in developments, and the specifics as detailed in DM30a could lead to creative solutions, harness innovation and pave the way to sustainable living for everyone in the UK, irrespective of their socio-economic background. |
| 492 | Ms Rosemary Hindley | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 493 | Mr Jeremy James | Private Individual | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 494 | Mr Stuart Middleton | Peterborough in Transition | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 495 | Miss Danette O'Hara | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 496 | Mrs Sharon Lane | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 497 | Mr George Oliver | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 498 | Owen Jackson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 499 | Dr Rachel Marshall | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 500 | Oyindasola Uwaifo | Etude Consultancy Limited | Not sound | MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned completely. The respondent sets out the legislation and policy relating to climate change which allow for councils to set local energy efficiency standards without falling foul of Government policy. This has been confirmed by recent Planning Inspector reports (e.g. Dec 2022 for B&NES Council and Jan 2023 for Cornwall Council) which indicate that the WMS is of limited relevance and that it has been superseded by subsequent events. It should also be noted that in their response to the Future Homes Standard consultation in 2021, the Government stated the following: "All levels of Government have a role to play in meeting the net zero target and local councils have been excellent advocates of the importance of taking action to tackle climate change. Local authorities have a unique combination of powers, assets, access to funding, local knowledge, relationships with key stakeholders and democratic accountability." MM14 should |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| | | | | therefore be dropped entirely, and the wording should return to that originally proposed by Lancaster City Council. |
| 501 | Diana McIntyre | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 502 | Mr William Lane | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 503 | Mrs Heather Lamble | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 504 | Mrs Sarah Jackson | | Not sound | The NPPF lays out the planning system should "shape places in ways that contribute to radical reductions in greenhouse gas reductions" and "take a proactive approach to mitigating and adapting to climate change". MM14 will not lead to "radical reductions in greenhouse gas emissions" and should be abandoned and the original DM30a retained. The original policy was positively prepared, justified, effective and consistent with National Policy, the Climate Change Act and the 2021 uplift in the Building Regulations which supersede the WMS. Other Inspectors have ruled local authorities can set higher energy efficiency standards and aim for new zero residential buildings ahead of national policy. The Inspector ignores recent warnings from the IPPC that we need to act now to reduce carbon emissions to meet our commitments to the Paris Agreement and the urgency demanded by the climate change emergency. MM14 is not positively prepared, justified or consistent with national policy as it relies on the WMS which has been overtaken by other legislation. It ignores the urgency demanded by the climate emergency and reflects an inconsistent approach from the Planning Inspectorate in terms of policies for energy |

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| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound sound | Summary of comment |
| | | | | efficiency. New homes will have to be retrofitted in the future, to achieve net zero, which is more expensive. |
| 508 | Emily Rubin | Cornwall Council | Not stated | Supports Lancaster City Council having the opportunity to set specific energy thresholds over and above those in place through the Building Regulations regime. States that the principle of local planning authorities being able to set their own energy standards beyond Building Regulations has been established and reiterated through a number of documents prepared by or on behalf of the Government including three reports by three Planning Inspectors allowing Bath and North East Somerset, Cornwall Council and Central Lincolnshire local planning authorities to adopt net zero operational energy standards. Respondent provides evidence and links to these Inspector's decision and Essex County Council's legal advice (dated 28/04/23) which provides a thorough review of the ability of local planning authorities to set their own energy standards above Building Regulations, including the context of the Written Ministerial, Planning and Energy Act 2008 and Planning Practice Guidance. |
| 509 | Leigh Day | Acting for Rights; Communication Action (RCA) | Not stated | RCA have been working alongside the TCPA to monitor the work being done by local planning authorities such as LCC and were greatly encouraged by the policies which LCC had proposed as part of its climate emergency local plan review. Respondent states that it was therefore disappointing to read the inspector's letter dated 23 March 2023 indicating that in her view Policy DM30a was inconsistent with national policy, and in particular the WMS of 25 March 2015. Respondent states that in their view, supported by counsel, that that approach is wrong in law and proceeds on a misinterpretation of the WMS. Respondent highlights the SaltCross AAP claim for a judicial review and flags the Essex County Council legal advice produced by Estelle Dehon KC and also the Inspector's reports for BaNES, Cornwall. Respondent states that given that two of the very same legal principles will be considered by the court in the Salt Cross judicial review, it would be reasonable for the council to pause the current consultation until these legal issues have been settled at the end of this year. They also state that they find it surprising that different inspectors are willing to take completely opposing approaches to the interpretation of planning policy, which contradicts the principle of consistency in planning decision-making. They states that this is an issue which they would expect the Planning Inspectorate to take a corporate view on. RCA's position in terms of the main modifications consultation is that the council should revert to the previous wording of the policy. |

| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment |
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| 511 | Joanne Harding | НВГ | Not stated | Considers amendment to delete part of this policy that requires a minimum 75% reduction in carbon emissions by 01/01/2025 and the net zero emissions by 01/01/2028 to be appropriate. They continue to consider that requirements for a Sustainable Design Statement, including the Energy and Carbon Statement, are unnecessary, but state that if the Council does decide to go ahead with this requirement, it should ensure that the requirement is not overly onerous and is proportionate to the scale of the development. |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports England | Not stated | Respondent states that the Council should note that the use of renewable and low carbon sources of heating and power, particularly ground source heating, will be subject to assessment under Sport England's Playing Field Policy where they affect playing fields. Also state that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of Active Design. |
| 513 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Story Homes | Not stated | Welcomes deletion of text box and move to fabric first being encouraged but states this does not go far enough and should be deleted. States the key issue are related to the introduction of a dual consenting regime between planning and building regs and that the use of fabric first hasn't been adequately viability tested. States that it is unclear what the Sustainable design statement will achieve above what is required in a D&A statement and energy statement (from the local validation checklist). Agree with the removal of transitional arrangements |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | | Respondent is supportive of the modification and agrees with the Inspector that Policy DM30a is inconsistent with national policy and the Written Ministerial Statement on Plan Making (25th March 2015). Respondent is supportive of the use of the words "encourages" and "encouraged" within the new paragraph 8 and new paragraph 15, as it is recognised that developers will not be required to meet an indiscriminate policy requirement with regard to sustainable design and construction. However, the references to "optimise solar gain" and to "maximise solar gain in winter and minimise solar gain in summer" should be removed from the supporting policy text of Policy DM30a for the reasons detailed above. In relation to the new para proposed between para 21 and 22, the respondent requests that further clarity is provided which details what the Sustainable Design Statement should comprise. |
| 516 | Hugh Ellis & Celia Davis | Town and Country Planning Association | Not sound | Respondent state that the main modification 14 to Policy DM30a should be deleted and the policy as worded in the draft local plan reinstated to be found sound. Proposed MM14 waters down the policy intention to such a level that it would become ineffective. The removal of targets |

| MM14 – I | MM14 – Policy DM30a | | | | |
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| 508 repre | sentations – 3 sou | nd / 500 not sound/ 5 not | stated | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | |
| | | | | would also make Policy DM30a vague and ambiguous, which is directly contrary to NPPF policy on plan-making (para 16d). Respondent highlights that the approach has been found sound at Cornwall, and BaNES. Respondent also highlights the Essex County Council legal advice on this matter. They state that there is nothing in law or national policy that prevents Lancaster City Council from retaining the ambitious, clear, and justified policy as originally drafted in DM30a. The Inspector's concerns regarding policy DM30a's consistency with national policy are therefore unfounded, and we encourage the Inspector to remove MM14 from the final version of the local plan and reinstate the policy as intended. | |

| MM15 – P | olicy DM30b | | | | | |
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| 2 represen | 2 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 2 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 513 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Not stated | Welcomes the change from required to encouraged. And feels this is particularly important given the lack of viability information of the implementation of this proposed Policy change | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | Respondent welcomes the removal of the word "maximise", however the term, "optimise" is not defined within the policy or supporting policy text and so the respondent remains concerned that the requirement to 'optimise' water efficiency measures would add to the cost of development and would impact on viability. They state that several changes to policies which could have direct or indirect viability impacts and which have not been accounted for in the CELPR VA, such as the requirement for the design of new developments to maximise the inclusion of water efficiency and consumption measures, as stated in Policy DM30b. The respondent supports the addition of the following sentence to Policy DM30b, "The use of green/blue walls and roofs is encouraged", in that green/blue walls and roofs are "encouraged" rather than being required by policy. | | |

MM16 – Policy DM30c

| 0 represen | 0 representations | | | | |
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| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | |
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| | | | sound | | |

| MM17 - N | MM17 – New Paragraph 35 | | | | | |
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| 1 represer | 1 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 1 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey. | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modifications proposed to the supporting text to Policy DM31, which it is understood has been added to make the policy justified and for the reason of effectiveness. | | |

| MM18 - | MM18 – Policy DM33 | | | | | |
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| 5 represe | 5 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 5 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 490 | Cllr Dr Erica Lewis | County Councillor for Lancaster South East, Former Leader Lancaster City Council | Not stated | Para 152 of the NPPF notes that "policies should support appropriate measures to ensure the future resilience of communities". It is reasonable to place the cost and responsibility for producing a flood risk assessment on the applicant. As such the original words of criterion IV of policy DM33 should be reinstated. Para 153 of the NPPF says, "policies should support appropriate measures to ensure the future resilience of communities". The recent sewerage spills give us another reason to 'hold and slow'. While 'no more, no faster' may meet the requirements of the NPPF in other parts of the country, it is clear it does not meet the requirements in Lancaster and the thus the original wording operationalising 'no more, no faster' in criterion IX should be retained. | | |
| 511 | Joanne Harding | HBF | Not stated | HBF considers that this is appropriate and in line with the PPG to delete the reference to access/egress, play/recreation areas and gardens. The respondent also considers it an appropriate change to amend paragraph 2 of the policy so the development will have to take account of the Council's Flood Risk – Sequential Test and Exception SPD rather than being in accordance with it. | | |

| 513 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Not stated | The deletion of access/egress, play/recreation areas, and gardens is welcomed as it does not align with Annexe 3 of the NPPF in terms of flood vulnerability classification and water compatible uses. |
|-----|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| 517 | Marcus Hudson | Lancashire County Council | Not stated | Respondent does not wish to raise any concerns with the modifications proposed. |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey. | Not stated | Respondent supports the main modifications proposed to the supporting text to Policy DM33, which it is understood have been made to ensure consistency with national policy and for the reason of effectiveness. |

| MM19 - I | MM19 - Policy DM34 | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 5 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 5 not stated | | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 490 | Cllr Dr Erica Lewis | County Councillor for Lancaster South East, Former Leader Lancaster City Council | Not stated | The respondent draws attention to para 153 and section 15 of the NPPF. LCC have acknowledged that 'no more, no faster' is not an appropriate standard for water management within our district. The respondent seeks support in line with the NPPF to 'hold and slow' the flow wherever we can. Most of the district's surface water going into combined sewers, slowing the flow would also help to meet the NPPF's requirements. The original wording operationalising 'no more, no faster' should be retained. | | |
| 511 | Joanne Harding | НВГ | Not stated | HBF considers the amendment to the 3 rd para to be appropriate. However, the HBF considers that the bullet points which also form part of this paragraph will also need consideration particularly in relation to the requirements for all SuDS to incorporate landscape and amenity enhancement and environmental and biodiversity benefits, which may not be possible in relation to underground attenuation. | | |
| 513 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Not stated | Respondent welcomes the removal of the requirement to use above ground SuDS for all development but consider that the wording does not go far enough and remains at odds with the drainage hierarchy which states that other solutions, such as the use of underground tank storage and direct discharge into sewers may be acceptable in some specific circumstances. | | |
| 517 | Marcus Hudson | Lancashire County Council | Not stated | The revised wording of this may be unclear as to which climate change allowance should be applied. May wish to clarify that 'peak rainfall intensity' climate change allowance is required, as per the original text. | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey. | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Policy DM34 and is supportive of the deletion of the phrase "above ground" in relation to SuDs, as this will allow greater flexibility when developing suitable drainage designs for sites. | | |

| MM20- Pd | MM20- Policy DM34 | | | | | |
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| 1 represer | ntation – 0 sound | / 0 not sound / 1 not state | d | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey. | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modification proposed to Policy DM42, which it is understood has been added for the reason of effectiveness. However, it should be made clear that any archaeological work required must be considered on a case-by-case basis. The following text (underlined) should be added to the proposed policy wording, "Where remains are identified, the above requirements of Policy DM42 will apply" | | |

| MM21 - Po | MM21 - Policy DMCCH1 | | | | | |
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| 0 represen | 0 representations | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | |

| MM22 - Policy DMCCH2 | | | | | |
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| 0 represen | 0 representations | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not | | |
| | | | sound | | |

| MM23 – P | MM23 – Policy DM43 | | | | | | |
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| 1 represen | 1 representation – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 1 not stated | | | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | | |
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| | | | sound | | | | |

| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | Respondent is supportive of the addition of the phrase "where possible", which it is understood has been added for the reason of effectiveness. Whilst the repsondent agrees in principle with the incorporation of GBI on housing sites, such infrastructure would need to be proportionate to the development proposed and take into account site-specific considerations. Respondent does not support any GBI requirement that would threaten the viability and/or deliverability of the North Lancaster Strategic Site or housing sites in general. They state that there must be a robust and flexible mechanism whereby these additional requirements and/or other requirements (such as affordable housing or other developer contributions) can be relaxed if viability is threatened. |
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| | | | | Respondent states that it is critical that any additional policy requirements proposed through the CELPR do not undermine the delivery of the Comprehensive Masterplan for the North Lancaster Strategic Site, which has been prepared collaboratively with several stakeholders and submitted to the Council ahead of the adoption of any revised Local Plan. |

| MM24- Pd | MM24- Policy DM45 | | | | | |
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| 2 represer | 2 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 2 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
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| | | | sound | | | |
| 512 | Pauline | Sport England | Not stated | Respondent states they would want to allow flexibility in this policy wording where it affects the | | |
| | Shearer | | | delivery, management and maintenance of sports facilities. | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Policy DM45 (adding in 'hedgerows'), | | |
| | | Taylor Wimpey | | which it is understood have been made for the reason of effectiveness. | | |

| MM25 - P | MM25 – Policy DM53 | | | | | |
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| 3 represen | 3 representations – 0 sound / 2 not sound / 1 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not | | | |
| | | | sound | | | |
| 512 | Pauline | Sport England | Not stated | Respondent states that any proposals that would prejudice the use of playing fields as defined | | |
| | Shearer | | | in the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order | | |
| | | | | 2015 (Statutory Instrument 2015 No. 595) will be subject to an assessment under Sport | | |
| | | | | England's Playing Field Policy. | | |

| 518.1 | Helen | CBRE Limited on behalf | Not sound | Respondent states that Figure 13.1b should be updated to remove reference to the 150m buffer |
|-------|----------|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Clarkson | of Lancaster University | | from roads, railways and public rights of way, as not shown in Figure 13.1b and the asterisk |
| | | | | does not relate to any part of the Figure or legend. Please see full response for detail. |
| 518.2 | Helen | CBRE Limited on behalf | Not sound | Respondent raises concerns in relation to Figure 13.1a, Figure 13.1b and the Policies Map. |
| | Clarkson | of Lancaster University | | Please see full response for detail. |

| MM26 – P | MM26 – Policy DM57 | | | | | |
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| 1 represen | 1 representation – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 1 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not | | | |
| | | | sound | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey | Not stated | The respondent is supportive of the addition of the phrase "where possible", which it is understood has been added for the reason of effectiveness. It is critical that any additional policy requirements proposed through the CELPR do not undermine the delivery of the Comprehensive Masterplan for the North Lancaster Strategic Site, which has been prepared collaboratively with several stakeholders and submitted to the Council ahead of the adoption of any revised Local Plan. | | |

| MM27- P | MM27- Policy DM58 | | | | | | |
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| 1 represe | 1 representation – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 1 not stated | | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound | Summary of comment | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey. | Not stated | Respondent states that policy DM58 should not be ringfenced. Instead, the viability flexibility mechanism in Policy DM58 should apply to all of the new policy requirements the CELPR is seeking to introduce in relation to climate change and sustainability, otherwise, the Policy will not be effective as it will remove the necessary scope for development to deviate from the policy requirements within the CELPR for practical and/or viability reasons, thus removing flexibility that is critical to ensuring the delivery of development. | | | |

| MM28 – Policy DM60 | | | | | | |
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| 2 represen | 2 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 2 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not sound | | | |

| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports | Not stated | Respondent states that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of |
|-----|-----------------|------------|------------|---|
| | | England | | Active Design. |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Policy DM60, which it is understood have |
| | | Planning | | been made to ensure consistency with national policy and for the reason of effectiveness. |
| | | obo Taylor | | |
| | | Wimpey | | |

| MM29 - P | MM29 - Policy DM61 | | | | | |
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| 2 represer | 2 representations – 0 sound / 0 not sound / 2 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not sound | | | |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports | Not stated | Respondent states that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of | | |
| | | England | | Active Design. | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer | Not stated | The respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Policy DM61, which it is understood | | |
| | | Planning | | have been added for reason of effectiveness | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | | | |
| | | Wimpey. | | | | |

| MM30 - P | MM30 - Policy DM62 | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 4 represei | 4 representations – 0 sound / 1 not sound / 3 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent Name | Organisation | Modification sound/ not sound/ | Summary of comment | | |
| 511 | Joanne Harding | HBF | Not stated | HDB supports the deletion of text as outlined in the proposed modification. | | |
| 512 | Pauline Shearer | Sports England | Not stated | Respondent states that this policy provides an ideal opportunity to incorporate the principles of Active Design. | | |
| 513 | Matthew Dawber | Stantec obo Storey Homes | Unsound | Respondent supports the removal of the EVCP standards from the policy but considers the wording does not go far enough as the requirement for EV charging facilities to be powered by renewables remains untested in terms of viability, deliverability, and remains at odds with the general onus of the Plan (prioritises carbon efficiencies rather than onsite renewables). | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer Planning obo Taylor Wimpey. | Not stated | Respondent notes the main modification proposed to Policy DM62, which it is understood has been added to ensure that the policy is justified. It is noted that the majority of the text relating to Electric Vehicle Charging Points has been deleted, however the respondent seeks clarification from the Council as to the specification that will be required for charging points as this could have an impact on viability or electricity network capability. They also state that they reserve the right to | | |

| | С | comment on the forthcoming 'Provision of Electric Vehicles and Associated Charging Infrastructure' |
|--|---|--|
| | S | Supplementary Planning Document at the appropriate time. |

| MM31 - A | MM31 - Appendix A – Glossary of Terms | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 represer | itation – 0 sound / 0 r | ot sound / 1 no | t stated | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not sound | | | |
| 515 | Paul Nellist | Asteer | Not stated | The respondent notes the main modifications proposed to Appendix A: Glossary of Terms (to add in | | |
| | | Planning | | various definitions of terms), which it is understand have been added for the reason of | | |
| | | obo Taylor | | effectiveness. | | |
| | | Wimpey. | | | | |

| MM32 - Ap | MM32 - Appendix C – Glossary of Terms | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| 0 represen | 0 representations | | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not sound | | |

| P_01.1.1 - | P_01.1.1 – Proposed Policies Map | | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 represen | tation – 0 sound / 1 r | ot sound / 0 no | t stated | | | |
| MM ID | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| Ref | Name | | sound/ not sound | | | |
| 518.3 | Helen Clarkson | CBRE | Not sound | Respondent considers that the area around the University campus should be within the 'Suitable | | |
| | | Limited on | | for Wind Energy' area. Please see full response for detail. | | |
| | | behalf of | | | | |
| | | Lancaster | | | | |
| | | University | | | | |

| Miscellaneo | Miscellaneous reps- not modification number specific | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--------------|------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 9 representa | 9 representations – 3 sound / 2 not sound / 4 not stated | | | | | |
| MM ID Ref | Respondent | Organisation | Modification | Summary of comment | | |
| | Name | | sound/ not sound | | | |

| 36 | Anna Hunter | Resident | Not Sound | Respondent states we should only be building only sustainable housing. Homes should have large rooms for flexibility and adaptability. Build well now with higher building regs to support sustainable housing that barely needs heating. A Passivhaus is possible in a large scale. |
|-----|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| 181 | Cllr Malcolm Victory | | Sound | Respondent states that it is pure gobbledegook and it is not inducive for people responding. Asp states that if there is a question whether the zero carbon targets are unjustified then the Inspectorate is out of touch with the real world and the government's policies. |
| 193 | Mr Philip Terence Newby | | Not sound | Respondent states that they are unable to make any view due to poor presentation and requires better Presentation of Graphics. |
| 226 | Mrs Melanie Lindsley | The Coal Authority | Sound | Planning Team at the Coal Authority have no objections or specific comments to make in respect of the Main Modifications proposed. |
| 505 | Emily Hrycan | Historic England | Not stated | No comments to make on the proposed modifications to the plan. |
| 506 | Alice Watson | Natural England | Not stated | Respondent states that have no objection or detailed comment to make on the to the Schedule of Proposed Main Modifications and concur with the conclusions of the SA Report Addendum and HRA conclusions. |
| 507 | Not given | Lancaster Civic Vision | Sound | Commend LCC on its farsighted approach to tackling climate change at the local level. Support the mods generally but are concerned that they may be difficult to enforce. |
| 514 | Nicola Elsworth | Homes England | Not stated | No comments to make on the modifications to the plan. |
| 517 | Marcus Hudson | Lancashire County Council | Not stated | The School Planning Team request that as part of the amendments to the M01 Schedule of Main Modification Consultation Lancaster City Council take into consideration the new County Council School Site Criteria as part of infrastructure delivery especially in relation to Biodiversity Net Gain which is a new statutory requirement from November 2023. Additionally, the site must not be within flood zone 2 or 3 or subject to ground water flooding. |